



from 1st October 2020 to 30th September 2021

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### Introduction to Courtiers UCITS Investment Funds ICVC

Welcome to Courtiers UCITS Investment Funds ICVC's ("Company") 2021 Annual Report. This report provides details of the Company's three Sub-funds during the period from 1st October 2020 to 30th September 2021.

For each Sub-fund we have provided a detailed description of the strategy that was adopted during the period under review. A summary of global market trends covering the period from 1st October 2020 to 30th September 2021 can be found on pages 7 to 8. More comprehensive reports on factors affecting each individual Sub-fund's performance can be found on pages 25, 45 and 65.

The Prospectus was updated in February 2021 to take account of the following:

- 1. Change to the Depositary Fee Schedule following a renegotiation of fees.
- 2. Addition of United Kingdom to the list of FCA approved eligible markets due to the UK no longer being a part of the EEA following Brexit.
- 3. 5 year performance data updated.

Please be aware that the long-form annual and interim accounts are available on request from the Authorised Corporate Director ("ACD").

Other key information about the Sub-funds and their management is available on the Courtiers website at www.courtiers.co.uk.

All of these changes were approved by the Depositary and the Financial Conduct Authority ("FCA") (as appropriate) and no concerns were raised.

#### Assessment of Value

In line with the FCA requirements Courtiers Asset Management Limited undertakes an annual "Assessment of Value" for the Sub-funds. The full Assessment of Value is available on the website www.courtiers.co.uk. The Assessment took into account a number of criteria which were split into two categories:

- Assessment criteria that covers the entire range of Sub-funds managed:
  - Quality of service
  - > Improvements to the business
- 2. Assessment criteria which are Sub-fund specific:
  - Performance
  - Costs charged to the Sub-funds
  - Share classes
  - Economies of scale
  - Overall assessment of value

Taking into account all the above criteria the Board of Directors of Courtiers Asset Management Limited has concluded that all the Sub-funds managed offer overall good value. The Board will continue to monitor the Sub-funds to ensure this value is maintained.

### Remuneration

In line with the requirements of UCITS V1, the ACD is subject to a remuneration policy which is consistent with the FCA's rules<sup>2</sup> and European guidelines<sup>3</sup>. The remuneration policy is designed to ensure that any relevant conflicts of interest can be managed appropriately at all times and that the remuneration of ACD's senior staff is in line with the risk policies and objectives of the Sub-funds it manages.

The remuneration regime under the UCITS Directive requires the ACD to disclose certain information relating to remuneration as part of the Company's annual report and accounts. The remuneration policy applied to the first full performance period after the ACD's authorisation, which was from 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017. The ACD's Remuneration Policy is designed to ensure that the ACD's remuneration practices:

- are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management;
- > do not encourage risk taking that is inconsistent with the risk profiles of the Sub-funds, their Instrument of Incorporation or Prospectus:
- > do not impair the ACD's compliance with its duty to act in its best interests or those of the Sub-
- > include fixed and variable elements of remuneration, including salaries and discretionary pension benefits.

The Remuneration Policy applies to "Remuneration Code Staff", being (in summary) those persons whose professional activities have a material impact on the risk profile of the ACD and the Sub-funds, including but not limited to, senior management and risk takers (such as, for example, investment managers).

At the heart of the ACD's Remuneration Policy is the need to ensure that the structure of an employee's remuneration is consistent with, and promotes, effective risk management.

The ACD will ensure that the fixed and variable elements of total remuneration are appropriately balanced and that the fixed element is a sufficiently high proportion of total remuneration so that variable remuneration can be fully flexible including the possibility to pay no variable remuneration.

Where remuneration is performance-related, in addition to the performance of the individual, the ACD will also take into account the performance of the business unit or Sub-fund concerned and the overall results of the ACD. Performance assessment will not relate solely to financial criteria but will also include compliance with regulatory obligations and adherence to effective risk management. In keeping with the ACD's long term objectives, the assessment of performance will take into account longer-term performance and payment of any such performance related variable remuneration may be spread over more than one year to take account of the ACD's business cycle.

Financial performance is an important factor in the calculation of any variable remuneration. The measurement of financial performance will be based principally on net profits and not on revenue or turnover. In those instances when the latter is used in assessment, then the ACD will also take into account the quality of business undertaken or services provided and their appropriateness for clients.

If subdued or negative financial performance of the ACD occurs, total variable remuneration would be generally considerably contracted.

When establishing and applying remuneration policies for Remuneration Code staff, a firm is permitted to apply a proportionate approach in a way that is appropriate to its size, internal organisation and the nature, scope and complexity of its activities. The ACD has considered the size of its net assets under management and other proportionality elements referred to in the Financial Conduct Authority's general guidance on the AIFM Remuneration Code and in Guidelines issued by the European Securities and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Directive 2014/91/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 July 2014 amending Directive 2009/65/EC on the coordination of laws, regulations and administrative provisions relating to undertakings for collective investment in transferable securities (UCITS) as regards depositary functions, remuneration policies and sanctions. Commonly referred to as "UCITS V". <sup>2</sup> SYSC 19E UCITS Remuneration Code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ESMA 2016/411 Guidelines on Sound Remuneration Policies under the UCITS Directive and AIFMD.

Markets Authority ("ESMA") and has concluded that it is not a "significant firm". Whilst appreciating the contribution that can be made by a remuneration committee, the ACD considers that such a body would not be proportionate given its size and the non-complex nature of both its activities and organisation. Instead, the ACD's Board undertakes this role.

The Board is responsible for approving and maintaining the ACD's Remuneration Policy. The Board reviews the Policy periodically as necessary and at least once a year to ensure that it remains consistent with the Remuneration Code Principles. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the implementation of the Policy, approving any subsequent material exemptions and changes to the Policy and for monitoring the effects of the Policy.

The ACD has developed, and maintains, a conflicts of interest policy in keeping with the rules and operates its Remuneration Policy so that it does not give rise to any conflicts of interest. In the event that a conflict does arise, the Board ensures adequate management of this conflict in line with the conflicts of interest policy.

The total amount of remuneration paid by the ACD to its entire staff for the financial year to 30th September 2021, split into fixed and variable remuneration was:

Amount of fixed remuneration: £734,075.49

Amount of variable remuneration: £112,480.98

The number of beneficiaries were: 19 persons

The total remuneration paid by the ACD to its entire employees for the financial year was: £846,556.47

The proportion of the total remuneration of the ACD's employees of significant risk who were attributable to the Company was: £576,923.79

The number of beneficiaries were: 6 persons

The aggregate amount of remuneration broken down by Senior Management and Remuneration Code employees was: £576,923.79

The ACD has no direct employees; instead it pays a fee to Courtiers Investment Services Limited for services provided by its employees. The total remuneration figure above represents the total remuneration paid by Courtiers Support Services Limited to employees who are fully or partly involved in the activities of the ACD.

The ACD also manages other investment Funds. The total remuneration allocated to the Company has been apportioned based on estimated time spent by the employees working on the Company and other relevant factors.

Senior Management represents members of the Board and comprises the Compliance Officer and Chief Investment Officer. Other Remuneration Code Staff are the Head of Compliance, Money Laundering Reporting Officer, Head of Company Accounts and Finance and Head of Fund and Asset Management. Whilst these employees are all members of the Senior Management Team they are not all Directors of the ACD.

### The Company

The Company is an Open-Ended Investment Company "OEIC" with variable capital under Regulation 12 (Authorisation) of the OEIC Regulations 2001, incorporated in England and Wales and authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) on 7th October 2015. The Company is an umbrella OEIC with three Sub-funds as at 30th September 2021. The number of Sub-funds may be increased or decreased in the future. The Shareholders are not liable for the debts of the Company.

The three Sub-funds are the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund, Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund and Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund.

As at 30 September 2021, no Sub-fund held any shares in any other Sub-fund of the Company.

### **Investment Approach**

### **Equity Income Funds**

When investing the assets of both the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund and Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund, the ACD starts by analysing the characteristics of all stocks available for investment by the Sub-funds. A list is created of those stocks that demonstrate the desired qualities for a portfolio that is designed to produce above-average, growing, equity income. A portfolio is constructed from these stocks and then risk tested. Once this process has been completed, and a final combination of assets decided upon, each company / holding is reviewed by an analyst to determine any quantitative or qualitative reasons for excluding the stock if there is no reason to exclude, the stock is added to the portfolio. The process is repeated periodically, and at least annually.

#### **Investment Grade Bond Fund**

The ACD selects a range of high quality, investment grade, sovereign bonds designed to provide stability of the nominal value of the portfolio. High grade corporate bonds and debt may also be purchased at the ACD's discretion. In compiling the final portfolio, currency risks and opportunities, credit and interest rate risk are taken into consideration.

#### Global Market Overview – for the year to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

The coronavirus outbreak continued to dominate markets throughout the period ending 30th September 2021. The vaccine announcements in November led to a significant rally in the equity market, as the FTSE 100 had its best month since 1989 and as of 30th September the index has almost recovered to pre-pandemic levels.

Also in November, Joe Biden succeeded over Donald Trump in the US election to become the oldest President of the United States. The result, along with the concurrent unveiling of Covid-19 vaccines, fuelled more optimism among investors in the US equity markets and the S&P 500 index has gone on to reach new record highs.

The number of deaths due to Covid-19 as of 30th September 2021 totals 4.8 million worldwide. The effort to combat the virus is in full swing with 3.7 billion people having had at least one dose of the vaccine and 2.8 billion people becoming fully vaccinated.

Interest rates have remained at low levels as Central Banks aim to inject further stimulus into the economy. However, inflation has risen sharply; in the UK the Consumer Prices Index sits at 3% higher than the 2% targeted by the Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee - and in the US the rate has reached 5.3%. The rise in inflation has prompted speculation of possible rate hikes in 2022.

Sitting behind the rise in inflation have been global supply chain issues caused by the collapse and sudden surge in consumer demand. Trade tensions between the US and China have helped add fuel to the fire, and cracks have emerged surrounding numerous global supply chain inputs.

#### Global Market Overview – for the year to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021 (continued)

In the commodities market, the price of gold has subsided as investors have drifted away from 'safe haven' assets and back into equities and other risky assets. Conversely, Brent crude oil, has seen an influx of worldwide demand given the rapid re-expansion of many global economies and their industries, causing its price to surge to upwards of \$80 per barrel.

#### **Global Market Outlook**

The Covid-19 outbreak continues to have a major impact on global markets, with volatility yet to return to pre-pandemic levels. However even in these uncertain times, global equities remain attractive in the long term compared to bonds, which at times during the crisis have seen their yields drop to record low levels.

Market sentiment continues to be driven by the pandemic's influence on global supply and demand. With supply chains faltering, the prices of many goods have jumped significantly, pushing inflation well above the 2% level typically targeted by Central Banks. The high levels of inflation have resulted in speculation that interest rates may rise sooner than expected, which puts pressure on both equity and fixed income valuations.

In equities we are mindful of the ongoing difficulties in the retail sector, particularly the UK high street which has been hit particularly hard by the health crisis. In fixed income we maintain our preference for short duration bonds to reduce exposure to interest rate risk.

## **Directory**

### Authorised Corporate Director (ACD), **Investment Manager**

Courtiers Asset Management Limited\* 18 Hart Street Henley on Thames Oxfordshire RG9 2AU

#### **Directors of the ACD**

Gabriella May Evans Gary Derek Reynolds Jacob Edward Reynolds James Stewart Shepperd Kevin Lee Stuart Charles Dyer

### **Depositary**

Citibank UK Limited\*\* Citigroup Centre 33 Canada Square Canary Wharf London E14 5LB

### Registrar

Courtiers Investment Services Limited\* 18 Hart Street Henley on Thames Oxfordshire RG9 2AU

### **Auditor**

Ernst & Young LLP Atria One 144 Morrison Street Edinburgh EH3 8EX

<sup>\*</sup>Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Citibank UK is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority.

### **Statements of Responsibility**

## **Statement of Authorised Corporate Director's Responsibilities**

The Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ("COLL") require the ACD to prepare financial statements for each accounting period, which give a true and fair view of the financial affairs of the Company and of its income for the period.

### In preparing the financial statements the ACD is required to:

- comply with the Prospectus and applicable accounting standards;
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in operation.

The ACD is required to keep proper accounting records and to manage the Company in accordance with the Regulations and the Prospectus. The ACD is responsible for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Depositary's Report

Statement of the Depositary's Responsibilities in Respect of the Scheme and Report of the Depositary to the Shareholders of Courtiers UCITS Investment Funds ICVC ("the Company") for the year ended 30th September 2021.

The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all the property of the Company which is entrusted to it and ensuring proper registration of tangible moveable property, and for the collection of income arising from all such scheme property.

It is the duty of the Depositary to take reasonable care to ensure that the Company is managed and operated by the Authorised Corporate Director in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ("the Sourcebook"), the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 (SI 2001/1228) (the OEIC Regulations), the Company's Instrument of Incorporation, and the Prospectus, as appropriate, concerning: the pricing of and dealing in Shares in the Company; the application of income of the Company; and the investment portfolio and borrowing activities of the Company.

Having carried out procedures and enquiries considered duly necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Company, based on information and explanations provided to us, we believe that, in all material respects, the Company, acting through the Authorised Corporate Director:

- (i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Company's shares and the application of the Company's income in accordance with the Sourcebook, and where applicable, the OEIC regulations, the Company's Instrument of Incorporation, and the Prospectus:
- (ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the Company; and
- (iii) has, otherwise, ensured the proper operation of the Company.

Citibank UK Limited

Edinburgh

Date: 17 December 2021

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### **Directors' Statement**

In accordance with the requirements of the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook ("COLL"), we hereby certify the report on behalf of the Board of Courtiers Asset Management Limited.

Gabriella/May Evans

G Evous

James Stewart/Shepperd

Courtiers Asset Management Limited

Date: 17 December 2021

### **Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Courtiers UCITS Investment Funds ICVC**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Courtiers UCITS Investment Funds ICVC ("the Company") comprising each of its Sub-funds for the year ended 30 September 2021, which comprise the Statement of Total Return, the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders, the Balance Sheet, the related notes and the Distribution Tables, and the accounting policies of the Company, which include a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company comprising each of its Sub-funds as at 30 September 2021 and of the net revenue and the net capital gains/losses on the scheme property of the Company comprising each of its Sub-funds for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the "FRC") Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Authorised Corporate Director's ("the ACD") use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of 12 months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the ACD with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report. However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The ACD is responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the rules of the Collective **Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the Financial Conduct Authority** (the "FCA")

In our opinion:

- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to Authorised Funds, the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA and the Instrument of Incorporation; and
- there is nothing to indicate that adequate accounting records have not been kept or that the financial statements are not in agreement with those records; and
- the information given in the ACD's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matter in relation to which the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

we have not received all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

## Responsibilities of Authorised Corporate Director (ACD)

As explained more fully in the ACD's responsibilities statement set out on page 10, the ACD is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the ACD determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the ACD is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the ACD either intends to wind up or terminate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect irregularities, including fraud. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both those charged with governance of the entity and management.

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Company and determined that the most significant are United Kingdom Accepted Accounting Practice, the Investment Management Associations Statement of Recommended Practice ("IMA SORP"), the FCA Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the OEIC Regulations, the Company's Instrument of Incorporation and the Prospectus.
- We understood how the Company is complying with those frameworks through discussions with the ACD and the Company's administrators and a review of the Company's documented policies and procedures.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur by considering the risk of management override, specifically management's propensity to influence revenue and amounts available for distribution. We identified a fraud risk with respect to the incomplete or inaccurate income recognition through incorrect classification of special dividends and the resulting impact to amounts available for distribution. We tested the appropriateness of management's classification of material special dividends as either a capital or revenue return.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with such laws and regulations. Our procedures involved review of the reporting to the ACD with respect to the application of the documented policies and procedures and review of the financial statements to test compliance with the reporting requirements of the Company.
- Due to the regulated nature of the Company, the Statutory Auditor considered the experience and expertise of the engagement team to ensure that the team had the appropriate competence and capabilities, to identify non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's Members, as a body, pursuant to Paragraph 4.5.12 of the rules of the Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook of the FCA. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor Edinburgh

Date: 17 December 2021

Ernst + Young LLP

### **Accounting Policies and Other Risk Policies**

### 1 Accounting Policies

#### a) Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland, and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Statements of UK Authorised Funds", issued by the Investment Association, (previously the Investment Management Association), (the "IA SORP") in May 2014 and updated in June 2017.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

There are no material events that have been identified that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months from the date these financial statements are authorised for issue. The ACD believes that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and, following consideration of the impact of COVID-19 they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. The ACD has made an assessment of each Sub-fund's ability to continue as a going concern which is made as at the date of issue of these financial statements and considers liquidity, declines in global capital markets, investor intention, known redemption levels, expense projections, key service provider's operational resilience, and the impact of COVID-19.

#### b) Investments

The listed investments have been valued at bid market prices, net of any accrued interest, at close of business on 30th September 2021, being the last valuation point of the accounting period.

All realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are taken to the Statement of Total Return and included in the net capital gains.

#### c) Revenue

Interest on cash and deposits is accounted for on an accruals basis. Interest on debt securities is recognised on an effective interest rate basis. Dividends on investments are recognised when the security is quoted as ex-dividend. Distributions from Collective Investment Schemes are recognised when they are declared. Any reported revenue from an offshore fund in excess of any distributions is recognised as revenue when the reporting fund makes this information available.

Special dividends are reviewed on a case by case basis to determine whether the dividend is to be treated as revenue or capital. Amounts recognised as revenue will form part of the distributable revenue.

Stock dividends are reviewed on a case by case basis to determine whether they are to be treated as revenue or capital. If the payment of a stock dividend is in lieu of cash, but relates to a revenue distribution, then it will form part of the distributable revenue.

### d) Equalisation

Equalisation distributions received from the income shares of Collective Investment Schemes are deducted from the cost of investments.

### 1 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### e) Exchange Rates

The financial statements are presented in sterling, which is the functional and presentational currency of the Company.

Assets and liabilities in currency other than sterling have been translated at the rate of exchange at closing valuation point on 30th September 2021, being the last valuation point of the accounting period.

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the time of the transaction.

### f) Expenses

In order for the share classes in each Sub-fund to be an eligible investment for a Default Arrangement within a Qualifying Scheme, all fees and charges (with the exception of the ACD's Annual Management Charge) that are regarded as "administration charges" for the purposes of the FCA Rules, are met by the ACD.

For the avoidance of doubt, any costs incurred by each Sub-fund directly as a result of buying, selling, lending or borrowing investments (such as dealing commissions, transaction taxes, spreads, custody costs (including any custody costs and charges paid by the Depositary to the Custodian) and other such costs embedded in the transaction prices) are not regarded as administration charges for the purposes of the FCA Rules and are not subject to the prescribed

All expenses incurred by the Sub-funds are accounted for on an accruals basis.

### **Taxation**

Corporation tax of 20% is payable on any excess taxable revenue after taking into account allowable expenditure and after offsetting any tax deductible interest distribution if applicable. Where overseas tax has been deducted from overseas revenue that tax can, in some instances, be offset against corporation tax payable by way of double taxation relief.

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay less or receive more tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the manager considers that it will be more likely than not that there will be taxable profits from which underlying timing differences can be deducted.

### h) Efficient Portfolio Management

Derivatives may be used for the purposes of efficient portfolio management ("EPM", including hedging). The use of derivatives for EPM will generally not increase the risk profile of the Sub-fund.

EPM may be used by each Sub-fund to reduce risk and/or costs and to produce additional capital or income. The Sub-funds may use derivatives, borrowing, cash holding and stock lending for EPM. It is not intended that using derivatives for EPM will increase the volatility of the Sub-funds. However, in adverse situations, a Sub-fund's use of derivatives may become ineffective in hedging or EPM and a Sub-fund may suffer loss as a result.

A Sub-fund's ability to use EPM strategies may be limited by market conditions, regulatory limits and tax considerations. Any income or capital generated by EPM techniques will be paid to each Sub-fund.

The ACD may use one or more separate counterparties to undertake transactions on behalf of the Sub-funds. The Sub-funds may be required to pledge or transfer collateral paid from within

### 1 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### h) Efficient Portfolio Management (continued)

the assets of the relevant Sub-fund to secure such contracts entered into for EPM including in relation to derivatives and stock lending. There may be a risk that a counterparty will wholly or partially fail to honour their contractual arrangements under the arrangement with regards the return of collateral and any other payments due to the relevant Sub-fund.

The ACD measures the creditworthiness of counterparties as part of the risk management process.

For more information about EPM, the types of derivatives instruments that may be used for EPM purposes and their risks, please see the Company's Prospectus.

#### i) **Cash Flow**

The Company is exempt from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement in accordance with Section 7 of FRS 102.

#### **Use of Estimates and Judgements**

In the application of the Company's accounting policies as detailed above, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily available from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

No critical judgements have been made by the ACD in applying the accounting policies of the Company. Furthermore, there are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty affecting the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities at the reporting date.

### 2 Distribution Policies

#### a) Distribution Policy

All of the net revenue available for distribution at the year-end will be distributed to shareholders. Should expenses and taxation together exceed revenue, there will be no distribution, and the shortfall will be met from capital.

The ACD's Annual Management Charge ("AMC") is charged to revenue and expensed to capital for the purpose of the distribution.

Distributions remaining unclaimed after six years are paid into the Sub-fund as part of the capital property.

### b) Shareholders' Sub-funds

Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund currently has two sterling accumulation share classes and one income share class. Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Fund has two sterling accumulation share classes. Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund has two sterling accumulation share classes. In addition, there is a provision for further share classes to be created.

### 3 Equalisation

The Company does not operate equalisation.

### 4 Financial Instruments

In pursuing their investment objectives, the Sub-funds may hold a number of financial instruments. These financial instruments comprise securities and other investments, cash balances, debtors and creditors that arise directly from their operations.

The main risks arising from financial instruments and the ACD's policies for managing these risks are stated below. These policies have been applied throughout the year and the prior year.

These risks are monitored by the ACD in pursuance of the investment objectives and policies as set out in the ACD's Report. Adherence to investment guidelines and to the investment and borrowing powers set out in the Prospectus and in the FCA's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook mitigates the risk of excessive exposure to any particular type of security or issuer.

Further information on the investment portfolio is set out in the Market Review and Portfolio Statement applicable to each Sub-fund.

#### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk reflects interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and market price risks.

#### **Market Price Risk**

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a Sub-fund's assets and liabilities will fluctuate as a result of changes in market price caused by factors other than interest rate or foreign currency movements. Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments that a Sub-fund might hold. It represents the potential loss a Sub-fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements.

The Sub-funds' investment portfolios are exposed to market price fluctuations, which are monitored by the ACD in pursuance of their investment objectives, and policies are set out in the Prospectus.

Compliance with the FCA's COLL rules and the investment guidelines set out in the Instrument of Incorporation and the Prospectus mitigates the risk of excessive exposure to any particular type of security or issuer.

The market price of derivatives is dependent on interest rates and the value in the underlying index.

The Sub-funds used the following derivatives instruments in the year:

Futures, forward exchange contracts and options to provide exposure to the underlying asset.

#### ii) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a Sub-fund's investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Where an element of a Sub-fund's investment portfolio is invested in securities denominated in currencies other than sterling, the balance sheet can be affected by movements in exchange rates. The ACD may seek to manage exposure to currency movements by hedging the sterling value of investments that are priced in other currencies. Revenue received in other currencies is converted to sterling on or near the date of receipt.

The foreign currency exposure for each Sub-fund is shown in the notes to the financial statements for that particular Sub-fund.

### 4 Financial Instruments (continued)

### a) Market Risk (continued)

### iii) Interest Rate Risk

Where a Sub-fund is invested in interest bearing assets it will be exposed to the risks associated with interest rate fluctuations which will impact on its financial position and cash flows.

Assets that could be impacted by these fluctuations include deposits, cash, money market funds, underlying bond funds, bonds, structured notes and swaps.

Interest rate risk may be mitigated through the use of floating rate interest bearing assets. Sensitivity to interest rate movements may also be minimised by reducing the duration exposure of fixed income assets.

The interest rate exposure for each Sub-fund is shown in the notes to the financial statements for that particular Sub-fund.

### b) Liquidity and Settlement Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that a Sub-fund may not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. It is also exposed to credit risk on parties with whom it trades and runs the risk of settlement default. In addition, some of the markets in which a Sub-fund may invest may be insufficiently liquid or highly volatile from time to time and this may result in fluctuations in the price of its shares. The main commitment that each Sub-fund has to meet is to pay its expenses, which are regular and predictable, and to meet any share redemptions from investors. Assets from a Sub-fund may need to be sold if insufficient cash is available to finance such redemptions.

### c) Counterparty Risk

Each Sub-fund may enter into derivatives transactions or place cash in bank deposit accounts, which would expose them to the creditworthiness of their counterparties and their ability to satisfy the terms of such contracts. In the event of a bankruptcy or an insolvency of a counterparty, the Sub-funds could experience delays in liquidating their positions and significant losses, such as declines in the value of investments during the period in which the Sub-fund seeks to enforce its rights, inability to realise any gains on its investments during such period and fees and expenses incurred in enforcing its rights.

#### d) Credit Risk

The Sub-funds may be adversely impacted by an increase in their credit exposure related to investing, financing and other activities. The Sub-funds are exposed to the potential for creditrelated losses that can occur as a result of an individual, a counterparty or an issuer being unable or unwilling to honour its contractual obligations. These credit exposures exist within financing relationships, commitments, derivatives and other transactions. These exposures may arise, for example, from a decline in the financial condition of a counterparty, from entering into swap or other derivative contracts under which counterparties have obligations to make payments to the Sub-funds, from a decrease in the value of securities of third parties that the Sub-funds hold as collateral, or from extending credit through guarantees or other arrangements. As a Sub-fund's credit exposure increases, it could have an adverse effect on the Sub-fund's business and profitability if material unexpected credit losses occur.

### 4 Financial Instruments (continued)

### e) Risk Associated With Fixed Interest Securities

A Sub-fund that invests in bonds or other fixed income securities may be impacted by interest rate changes. Generally, the prices of debt securities rise when interest rates fall, while the prices fall when interest rates rise. Longer term debt securities are usually more sensitive to interest rate changes. They are also subject to credit risk. For example, a lowering of the credit rating of the issuer of a bond or of the bond itself may cause volatility in the price or reduce its liquidity, making it more difficult to sell. The risks associated with interest have been discussed under Interest Rate Risk.

Such a Sub-fund may be adversely affected by market conditions such as a decrease in market liquidity which may mean that it is not easy to buy or sell fixed interest securities. A Sub-fund's ability to acquire or to dispose of securities at their intrinsic value may also be affected.

Where a Sub-fund is invested in government securities that part of the investment portfolio may be concentrated in a number of securities and may invest in securities of a single or small number of issuers. They may also be concentrated in one or a few geographic locations and could therefore be more vulnerable to market sentiment in that specific location. These potential concentrations mean that losses arising may cause a proportionately greater loss to the Sub-fund than if a larger number of investments were made.

The interest rate exposure for each Sub-fund is shown in the notes to the financial statements for that particular Sub-fund.

### f) Risk of Investing in Collective Investment Schemes

The Sub-funds may invest in other regulated Collective Investment Schemes ("CIS"), including schemes managed by the ACD, or an associate of the ACD. As such, a Sub-fund will bear, along with the other investors, its portion of the expenses of the other CIS, including management, performance and / or other fees. These fees will be in addition to the management fees and other expenses which a Sub-fund bears directly with its own operations.

### g) Risk of Investing in Equity Securities

Investing in equity securities involves risks associated with the unpredictable drops in a stock's value or periods of below-average performance in a given stock or in the stock market as a whole. As a result, the prices of shares on equity markets may fluctuate. Such fluctuations, or volatility, have historically been much greater for equity markets than for fixed income markets.

Where a Sub-fund is invested in equities it may be concentrated both in number and in location. Sub-funds concentrated in one geographic location, for example the UK, are more vulnerable to market sentiment in that specific location and can carry a higher risk than Sub-funds holding more diversified assets. These potential concentrations mean that losses arising may cause a proportionately greater loss to the Sub-fund than if a larger number of investments were made.

The ACD seeks to manage this concentration risk by holding a diversified portfolio of stocks throughout the year across a range of different industry sectors.

## 5 Capital Management

The capital structure of each Sub-fund at the year end consists of the net assets of the Sub-fund attributable to shareholders.

None of the Sub-funds are subject to any external capital requirements.

To fund redemptions as they arise, the ACD ensures a substantial portion of each Sub-fund's assets consist of readily realisable securities.

### **6 Related Parties**

The ACD is regarded as a related party under FRS 102. The aggregate monies received through the creations and cancellations of shares are disclosed in the Aggregated Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders, and the amounts due to, and from, the ACD in respect of share transactions at the period end are shown in each Sub-funds' notes to the financial statements.

Details of the amounts paid to the ACD in respect of Sub-fund management services and shares in issue held by the ACD are disclosed in each Sub-fund's notes to the financial statements.

Related party investments are disclosed in the portfolio statements of each Sub-fund.

### **Market Review**

Throughout the year ending 30th September 2021 global markets continued to recover from the crash caused by the outbreak of the coronavirus. Volatility levels decreased as global economies and markets gradually began to stabilise. However, by 30th September, the VIX index, which measures the implied volatility of the US equity market, was still comfortably above its long-term average, implying that market volatility is expected to remain at least in the short term.

In the twelve months ending 30th September 2021, the FTSE 100 index, which measures the largest companies in the UK, rose +25.36%, while the mid-cap FTSE 250 (ex IT) index recorded a +40.85% increase and the FTSE Small Cap (ex IT) index surged +72.45%.

In the US the S&P 500 index gained +30.00%, almost matched by the European Eurostoxx 50 index which rose +29.80%. Emerging Markets increased +17.23% as per the MSCI Emerging Markets index.

Bond markets have had a mixed year. In the UK, the FTSE Gilts All Stocks Index conceded -6.81% while longer dated gilts, measured by the FTSE Gilts Over 15 Years Index slumped -11.24%. The high yield market meanwhile has fared better with the Bank of America Sterling High Yield Index logging a +11.04% return and the Bank of America European High Yield Index offering a +9.34% rise.

In the currency market the pound had a strong period as it appreciated +4.29% against the US dollar and +5.59% against the euro.

(All the above returns are in local currency i.e. they do not include currency movements. They do include income unless suffixed by 'PR')

### **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

### **Sub-Fund Description**

The Sub-fund seeks to provide income and capital growth from a portfolio of UK company shares, over 5 years.

The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 90% of its assets in shares of companies incorporated, domiciled or having the predominant part of their business in the UK. The time horizon is not a recommendation to sell the investment at the end of that minimum period.

The Sub-fund may also invest in other transferable securities such as units/shares in other investment Sub-funds, global shares, investments issued by banks or governments that are a short term loan to the issuer by the buyer, warrants, cash and near cash and deposits as set out in Appendix 1 of this Prospectus.

The Sub-fund is expected to have typically between 30 and 40 individual company shares and will gain exposure to a broad range of sectors which may include large, medium and small sized companies. The ACD will use their expertise to assess each individual share and select good quality companies to achieve the Sub-fund's objectives.

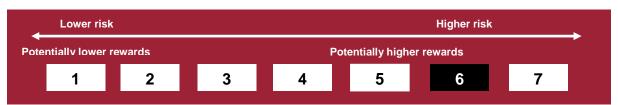
No more than 10% of the Scheme Property of the Sub-fund will be invested in other collective investment schemes.

Derivatives (investments whose value is linked to another underlying investment such as shares or performance of a stock exchange) may be used to reduce risk or cost and/or to generate extra income and growth. The use of derivatives will generally not increase the risk profile of the Sub-fund.

#### **Risk and Reward Profile**

The Sub-fund currently has three types of share class in issue; "I" income, "I" accumulation and "R" accumulation.

The risk and reward profile is the same for each type of share class and is as follows:



This risk and reward indicator is based on a combination of the volatility of the share price of the Subfund, and the volatility of investments similar to those the Sub-fund is invested in. This may not be a reliable indication of the Sub-fund's risk and reward category in the future.

- The Sub-fund is in category 6 because it invests in company shares which generally provide higher rewards and higher risks than other investments such as money market instruments, cash, near cash and deposits.
- The Sub-fund's category is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. The Sub-Fund's category has not changed during this period.
- Even a Sub-fund in the lowest category is not a risk-free investment.
- The value of your investment and any income you take from it may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. You might get back less than you invest.

The indicator above does not fully take account of the following risks of investing in the Sub-fund:

- The Sub-fund is concentrated in the UK and therefore more vulnerable to market sentiment in the UK. The Sub-fund may also be concentrated in the number of securities in which it is invested. These concentrations mean that losses arising may cause a proportionately greater loss to the Company than if a larger number of investments were made.
- Investing in equities involves risks associated with the unpredictable drops in a stock's value or periods of below-average performance. The price of shares may also fluctuate. Such fluctuations, or volatility, have historically been much greater for equity markets than other markets, such as bond markets.
- As one of the objectives of the Sub-fund is to provide income the ongoing charge of the Sub-fund is charged against capital rather than income, this will enhance income returns but may erode capital and constrain future capital growth.
- The fund may use derivatives for EPM. In adverse situations, the use of derivatives in this way may no longer be effective and the Sub-fund may suffer a loss.

For more details about the Sub-fund's risks, please see the Risk Factors section in the Sub-fund's Prospectus.

The latest risk and reward profile can be found on the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) for this Sub-fund.

Both documents are available on our website at www.courtiers.co.uk.

### **Performance**

In the period ending 30th September 2021, the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Accumulation I share class has returned 63.93%, the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Accumulation R share class 62.76% and the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Income I share class 63.88% compared to 32.98% from the Investment Association Flexible UK Equity Income Sector (the Sub-fund's peer group).

Since launch to 30th September 2021, the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Accumulation I share class has returned 61.59%, the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Accumulation R share class 55.12% and the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Income I share class -28.45% compared to 25.38% from the Investment Association Flexible UK Equity Income Sector (the Sub-fund's peer group).

The price of stocks, shares and Sub-funds, and the income from them, may fall as well as rise. Investors may not get back the full amount invested. Past performance is not a guide to the future.

## **Strategy Review**

The Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund was launched in November 2015. The objective of the fund is to seek to achieve a combination of income and capital growth. The stocks held in the fund are selected using a quantitative model, focusing on value and quality. When a stock is selected by the model, it is subjected to an analyst review before being purchased for the fund. Each stock in the fund is reviewed by an analyst at least once every year.

As of 30th September 2021, the fund contains 33 stocks. The fund is overweight communication services, consumer discretionary and utilities when compared to the FTSE 350 ex Investment Trusts index. The fund is underweight energy, health care and consumer staples.

Compared to its benchmark, the fund has a slightly higher dividend yield, a lower price to cash flow ratio and a lower debt to equity ratio.

# **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Portfolio Statement**

The Sub-fund's investments as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

Holding	Investment	Market Valuation	Value of Sub-fund 2021	Value of Sub-fund 2020
		£'000	%	%
Equities		24,233	98.45	96.38
Communic	ation services	2,088	8.48	14.75
655,000	ITV Plc	698	2.84	
199,700	STV Group Plc	739	3.00	
574,200	Vodafone Group Plc	651	2.64	
Consumer	Discretionary	4,374	17.77	19.55
477,600	Marks & Spencer Group Plc	876	3.56	
24,410	Persimmon Plc	651	2.65	
1,045,200	Photo-Me International Plc	636	2.58	
186,300	Playtech Plc	874	3.55	
435,400	Taylor Wimpey Plc	678	2.75	
961,000	Topps Tiles Plc	659	2.68	
Consumer	Staples	1,500	6.09	8.92
101,900	Tate & Lyle Plc	705	2.86	
314,000	Tesco Plc	795	3.23	

# **Portfolio Statement (continued)**

Energy		897	3.65	-
54,400	Royal Dutch Shell Plc	897	3.65	
Financials		3,506	14.24	13.50
167,000	Aviva Plc	661	2.69	
234,700	Direct Line Insurance Group Plc	680	2.76	
1,577,000	Lloyds Banking Group	734	2.98	
254,530	Legal & General Group Plc	716	2.91	
203,010	Saga Plc	715	2.90	
Health Care	•	1,367	5.56	2.97
52,200	Glaxosmithkline Plc	733	2.98	
49,260	Smith & Nephew	634	2.58	
Industrials		4,597	18.67	16.59
Industrials 235,100	Babcock International Group Plc	<b>4,597</b> 874	<b>18.67</b> 3.55	16.59
	Babcock International Group Plc Go-Ahead Group Plc			16.59
235,100		874	3.55	16.59
235,100 76,550	Go-Ahead Group Plc	874 612	3.55 2.49	16.59
235,100 76,550 449,200	Go-Ahead Group Plc International Consolidated Airlines	874 612 802	3.55 2.49 3.25	16.59
235,100 76,550 449,200 80,300	Go-Ahead Group Plc International Consolidated Airlines Keller Group Plc	874 612 802 765	3.55 2.49 3.25 3.11	16.59
235,100 76,550 449,200 80,300 122,510	Go-Ahead Group Plc International Consolidated Airlines Keller Group Plc Paypoint Plc	874 612 802 765 870	3.55 2.49 3.25 3.11 3.53	16.59
235,100 76,550 449,200 80,300 122,510 163,200	Go-Ahead Group Plc International Consolidated Airlines Keller Group Plc Paypoint Plc	874 612 802 765 870 674	3.55 2.49 3.25 3.11 3.53 2.74	
235,100 76,550 449,200 80,300 122,510 163,200 <b>Materials</b>	Go-Ahead Group Plc International Consolidated Airlines Keller Group Plc Paypoint Plc Smith Plc	874 612 802 765 870 674 <b>2,141</b>	3.55 2.49 3.25 3.11 3.53 2.74 8.70	

## **Portfolio Statement (continued)**

Real estate	1,438	5.84	3.35
97,100 Land Securities	677	2.75	
174,600 LSL Property Services Plc	761	3.09	
Telecommunication	724	2.94	-
453,000 BT Group Plc	724	2.94	
Utilities	1,601	6.51	6.19
1,393,100 Centica Plc	789	3.21	
168,500 Drax Group Plc	812	3.30	
Portfolio of Investments (net of investment liabilities)	24,233	98.45	96.38
Net Other Assets	380	1.55	3.62
Total Net Assets	24,613	100.00	100.00

Unless otherwise stated the above securities are admitted to official stock exchange listings or trade on a regulated market.

The average portfolio dealing spread for the year ended 30th September 2021 is 0.22% (2020: 0.18%). This spread is the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments.

There were no material changes in the composition of the investment portfolio.

# **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund** Top ten purchases and sales

for the year ended 30th September 2021

Purchases	Cost £'000
Go-Ahead Group Plc	964
Smith & Nephew Plc	815
Marks & Spencer Group Plc	735
BT Group Plc	734
Tesco Plc	707
Royal Dutch Shell Plc	701
Smith Plc	694
Keller Group Plc	672
Anglo American	643
Land Securities Group	607
Subtotal	7,272
Other purchases	5,333
Total purchases for the year	12,605

O-la-	Proceeds
Sales	£'000
Reach Plc	1,969
Stagecoach Group Plc	1,122
Royal Mail Plc	1,116
Elementis	999
WM Morrison Supermarket Plc	901
Greencore Group Plc	870
SSP Group Plc	777
Saga Plc	587
International Consolidated Airlines	517
Babcock International Group Plc	452
Subtotal	9,310
Other sales	2,006
Total sales for the year	11,316

# **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Statement of Total Return**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

	Notes	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
Income					
Net capital gains /(losses)	1		8,794		(3,677)
Revenue	2	717		511	
Expenses	3	(167)		(122)	
			-		
Net revenue before taxation		550		389	
Taxation	4		-		
Net revenue after taxation			550	-	389
Total return before distributions			9,344		(3,288)
Distributions	5		(717)		(511)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment				•	
activities			8,627		(3,799)

## **Statement Of Change In Net Assets Attributable To Shareholders**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders		14,581		15,761
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	3,401		3,027	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(2,692)	709	(904)	2,123
Change in net liabilities attributable to shareholders from investment activities (see above)		8,627		(3,799)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares		696		496
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		24,613	-	14,581

# **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Balance Sheet**

as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

	Notes	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
ASSETS Investment assets			24,233		14,054
Debtors	6	64		69	
Cash and cash equivalents	7	463	<del>-</del>	804	
Total other assets		-	527		873
Total assets		-	24,760		14,927
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Creditors	8	(9)		(14)	
Bank overdraft	7	(123)		(325)	
Distribution payable		(15)	_	(7)	
Total other liabilities		-	(147)	_	(346)
Total liabilities			(147)		(346)
Net assets attributable to shareholders *			24,613		14,581

<sup>\*</sup>As at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021 no shares of the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund were held by another Sub-fund of the Company.

# **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Notes to the Financial Statements**

### Net capital gains/(losses)

Net capital	gains/	(losses)	comprise:
rict capital	ganis	103363	, comprise.

	Net capital gains/(losses) comprise:		
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Non-derivative securities	8,867	(3,616)
	Derivative contracts	(1)	-
	Currency gains	-	2
	Transaction fees	(72)	(63)
	Net capital losses	8,794	(3,677)
	•		<u> </u>
2	Revenue		
_		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Dividend income	717	511
	Total revenue	717	511
3	Expenses		
	·	2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them		
	ACD's Annual Management Charge	167	122
	, tob o , umaar managomont onargo	167	122
		101	122
	Total expenses	167	122

The audit fee for the year was £12,800(2020: £12,585). This was paid by the ACD.

### 4 Taxation

### a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Current tax: UK corporation tax on profits in the year Current tax charge for the year (see note (4b))	<u>-</u>	
Total tax for the year	-	

#### **Taxation (continued)** 4

#### **b)** Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax for Open Ended Investment Companies "OEIC's" (20%) (2020: 20%). The differences are explained

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	550	389
Corporation tax at 20%	110	78
Effects of:		
Income not subject to taxation  Movement in unrecognised excess management	(143)	(102)
expenses	33	24
Current tax charge for the year (see note (4a))		

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges c)

After claiming relief against accrued revenue taxable on receipt, the Sub-fund has surplus excess expenses of £616,786 (2020: £450,147). It is unlikely that the Sub-fund will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these expenses and therefore a deferred tax asset of £123,357 (2020: £90,029) has not been recognised.

#### 5 **Distributions**

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interim dividend distribution	168	305
Final dividend distribution	549	206
Dividend distributions	717	511
Reconciliation of net revenue after taxation to distributions	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Net revenue after taxation	550	389
Expenses taken to capital	167	122
Dividend distributions	717	511
Details of the distributions are set out in the tables on page 42 to 44.		

#### Debtors

£'000 £  Cash and bank balances 463	23 8 38 69
Cash and cash equivalents   Cash and bank balances   Bank overdraft   Cash and cash equivalents   Cash and bank balances   Cash and bank balance	38
7 Cash and cash equivalents  2021 2 £'000 £  Cash and bank balances 463 Bank overdraft (123) (3	
7 Cash and cash equivalents  2021 2 £'000 £  Cash and bank balances 463 Bank overdraft (123) (3	69
2021       2         £'000       £         Cash and bank balances       463         Bank overdraft       (123)       (3)	
Cash and bank balances  Bank overdraft  £'000  £ (123)	
Cash and bank balances 463 Bank overdraft (123) (3	2020
Bank overdraft (123)	'000
	804
340	325)
	479
8 Creditors	
2021 2	2020
£'000 £	'000
Accrued expenses* 9	5
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	9
9	

<sup>\*</sup>accrued ACD's Annual Management Charges of £8,988 (2020: £4,642).

#### 9 **Related parties**

The Annual Management Charges paid to the ACD are shown in Note 3. Details of amounts received and paid on shares created and cancelled are shown in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders. The balance due from the ACD in respect of these transactions as at 30th September 2021 is £903 (2020: £6,734 due to), a breakdown can be found in Notes 6 and 8.

As at 30th September 2021 54% of the I Class shares of the Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund were held by Courtiers Investment Funds ICVC. This is an arms length transaction.

#### 10 Financial instrument risks

#### Foreign currency risk

The revenue and capital value of the Sub-fund's assets and liabilities can be affected by foreign currency transaction movements as a proportion of the Sub-fund's assets and income are denominated in currencies other than sterling.

Non-

An analysis of assets and liabilities is detailed below in the currency exposure table:

30th September 2021

Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Great British Pounds	340	24,273	24,613
	340	24,273	24,613
30 <sup>th</sup> September 2020			
Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	Non- monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Euro Great British Pounds	(325) 804	353 13,749	28 14,553
	479	14.102	14.581

The Sub-fund is exposed to currency risk from investments which are denominated in, or which derive revenues and incur costs in currencies other than the Great British Pounds. The Sub-fund's financial assets and liabilities were predominantly denominated in Great British Pounds. As such the Sub-fund is not exposed to significant currency risk and therefore no sensitivity analysis is provided.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty may be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-fund.

The Sub-fund's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, other receivables and investments as set out in the Balance Sheet which represents the Sub-fund's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the financial assets. The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings of A+ and above from Standard & Poor together with a short-term credit rating of A-1 from Standard & Poor.

All transactions in listed securities are settled upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

## Interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Sub-fund's interest bearing assets and liabilities at 30th September 2021 was:

Currency	Floating rate financial assets 2021 £'000	Fixed rate financial assets 2021 £'000	Financial assets not carrying interest 2021 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Great British Pounds	-	-	24,297	24,297
			24,297	24,297
Cash at bank				
Great British Pounds		340		340
	<u> </u>	340	<u>-</u>	340
	Floating rate financial liabilities 2021	Fixed rate financial liabilities 2021	Financial liabilities not carrying interest 2021	Total 2021
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Great British Pounds			(24)	(24)

The effect on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the interest rate increasing or decreasing by 1% has not been disclosed as it is insignificant for this Sub-fund.

The interest rate profile of the Sub-fund's interest bearing assets and liabilities at 30th September 2020 was:

	Floating rate financial assets	Fixed rate financial assets	Financial assets not carrying interest	Total
Currency	2020 £'000	2020 £'000	2020 £'000	2020 £'000
•	2 000	2 000		
Euro	-	-	353	353
Great British Pounds	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	13,700	13,700
		<u>-</u>	14,053	14,053
Cash at bank				
Euro	-	(325)	-	(325)
Great British Pounds	<u> </u>	804		804
		479		479

## Interest rate risk (continued)

	Floating rate financial	Fixed rate financial	Financial liabilities not carrying	
	liabilities 2020	liabilities 2020	interest 2020	Total 2020
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Great British Pounds	-	-	(20)	(20)

## Market risk and price sensitivity

Market risk is the possibility that future changes in market prices may make a financial instrument less valuable or more onerous.

The Sub-fund's market risk is managed by the ACD through diversification of the investment portfolio in accordance with the Sub-fund's investment policy.

At 30th September 2021, if the market prices of the securities had been 10% higher with all other variables held constant, the increase in net assets attributable to holders of participating shares for the year would have been £2,425,600 (2020: £1,405,400) higher, arising due to the increase in the fair value of financial instruments. The decrease in market prices by 10% would have the equal but opposite effect.

## 11 Portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and taxes expressed as a % of Net Assets

30th September 2021

	2021
	£'000
Commissions	72
Taxes	1
	73

	Value £'000	Commissions £'000	%	Tax £'000	%
Purchases					
Non-derivative transactions	12,605	66	0.52	1	0.01
Total Purchases	12,605	66	0.52	1	0.01
Sales Non-derivative transactions	11,316	6	0.05	-	0.00
Total Sales	11,316	6	0.05	-	0.00

### 11 Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

30th September 2020

55	2020 £'000
Commissions	19
Taxes	39
	58

Purchases	Value £'000	Commissions £'000	%	Tax £'000	%
Non-derivative transactions	11,687	19	0.16	44	0.38
Total Purchases	11,687	19	0.16	44	0.38
Sales Non-derivative transactions Total Sales	9,572 9,572	-	0.00	5	0.05

#### 12 Share classes

The Sub-fund currently has two Accumulation share classes. The ACD's Annual Management Charge on these share classes are as follows:

1.50% Accumulation R share class: Accumulation I share class: 0.75% 0.75% Income I share class:

The net asset value of the share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in the class are given in the comparative table on page 42 to 44. The distribution per share class is given in the comparative table on page 42 to 44.

### 13 Fair value disclosure

In the opinion of the ACD there is no material difference between the book values and the fair values of the other financial assets and liabilities.

The Company has adopted "Amendments to FRS 102", Section 34 which establishes a hierarchy to be used to estimate the fair value of investments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can be reliably measured if they are not publicly traded. The levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

- (1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- (2) Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- (3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the ACD. The ACD considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

## 13 Fair value disclosure (continued)

The following table presents the Sub-fund's other financial assets by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Level 1	24,233	14,054
Level 2	-	-
Level 3		
Total investments	24,233	14,054

#### 14 Reconciliation of movement in shares

Class I		
(income)	Class I	Class R
595,612	13,019,194	503,540
10,272	842,623	1,398,963
(23,379)	(872,334)	(922,173)
582,505	12,989,483	980,330
	(income) 595,612 10,272 (23,379)	(income)     Class I       595,612     13,019,194       10,272     842,623       (23,379)     (872,334)

Also, as per FRS 102 (22.4a) the shares in issue meet the definition of a puttable instrument as the shareholders have the right to sell the share back to the issuer. The shares in the Sub-fund may be issued and redeemed in any business day at the quoted price. The shares are not traded on an exchange, however, the price is observable and transactions within the Sub-fund take place regularly at that price. The shares in issue meet the definition of a level 2 financial instrument "Valuation techniques using observable market data".

The following table presents the Sub-fund's shares by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September 2021:

	Levei 1	Level 2	Level 3
Income I share class	-	582,505	-
Accumulation I share class	-	12,989,483	-
Accumulation R share class		980,330	
		14,552,318	-

The following table presents the Sub-fund's shares by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September 2020:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Income I share class	-	595,612	-
Accumulation I share class	-	13,019,194	-
Accumulation R share class		503,540	-
		14,118,346	_

## 15 Post balance sheet events

There were no events after the balance sheet date to disclose.

# **Courtiers UK Equity Income Fund Distribution Table**

Income I class shares		2021 GBp	2020 GBp
Net distribution accumulated 31 <sup>st</sup> March Interim distribution Net distribution accumulated 30 <sup>th</sup> Septemb	oer	0.8917	1.5719
Final distribution		2.8015	1.1134
<b>Comparative Table (Unaudite</b>	d)		
	2021 Income I Class GBp	2020 Income I Class GBp	2019 Income I Class GBp
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHARE			
Opening net asset value per share	76.02	100.02	100.00
Return before operating charges	49.47	(20.62)	1.57
Operating charges	(0.82)	(0.69)	(0.14)
Return after operating charges*	48.65	(21.31)	1.43
Distributions	(3.69)	(2.69)	(1.41)
Retained distribution on accumulation shares	-	-	-
Closing net asset value per shares	120.98	76.02	100.02
*after direct transaction costs of:	0.38	0.38	0.10
Distribution			
Return after charges	63.99%	(21.30%)	1.43%
OTHER INFORMATION			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	705	453	250
Closing number of share	582,505	595,612	250,000
Operating charges	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Direct transaction costs	0.34%	0.41%	0.10%
PRICES			
Highest share price	127.18	117.95	102.78
Lowest share price	73.38	66.50	94.08

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the opening net asset value per share, as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

# **Distribution Table (continued)**

Accumulation I class shares	2021 GBp	2020 GBp
Net distribution accumulated 31st March	•	•
Interim distribution	1.2349	2.2798
Net distribution accumulated 30th September		
Final distribution	3.8434	1.4757

# **Comparative Table (Unaudited) (continued)**

	2021 Accumulation I Class GBp	2020 Accumulation I Class GBp	2019 Accumulation I Class GBp
<b>CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHA</b>	-	- 1	
Opening net asset value per share	104.63	132.82	132.32
Return before operating charges	68.21	(27.28)	1.47
Operating charges	(1.14)	(0.91)	(0.97)
Return after operating charges*	67.07	(28.19)	0.50
Distributions	(5.08)	(3.76)	(7.37)
Retained distribution on accumulation shares	5.08	3.76	7.37
Closing net asset value per	5.06	3.70	1.31
shares	171.70	104.63	132.82
*after direct transaction costs of:  Distribution	0.52	0.00	0.01
Return after charges	64.10%	(21.22%)	0.38%
OTHER INFORMATION			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	22,303	13,622	14,943
Closing number of share	12,989,483	13,019,194	11,250,826
Operating charges	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Direct transaction costs	0.34%	0.40%	0.43%
PRICES Highest share price	176.42	156.60	137.68
Lowest share price	100.99	88.29	118.49

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the open net asset value per share as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

# **Distribution Table (continued)**

Accumulation R class shares	2021 GBp	2020 GBp
Net distribution accumulated 31st March	•	•
Interim distribution	0.5357	1.7690
Net distribution accumulated 30th September		
Final distribution	3.935	1.4820

# **Comparative Table (Unaudited) (continued)**

	2021 Accumulation R Class GBp	2020 Accumulation R Class GBp	2019 Accumulation R Class GBp
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHA	-	<b>-</b> -	
Opening net asset value per			
share	100.52	128.56	129.02
Return before operating charges	65.43	(26.28)	1.46
Operating charges	(2.23)	(1.76)	(1.91)
Return after operating charges*	63.20	(28.04)	(0.45)
Distributions	(3.93)	(3.25)	(6.09)
Retained distribution on accumulation shares  Closing net asset value per	3.93	3.25	6.09
shares	163.72	100.52	128.57
*after direct transaction costs of:	0.50	0.00	0.01
Distribution			
Return after charges	62.86%	(21.81%)	(0.35%)
OTHER INFORMATION			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	1,605	506	568
Closing number of share	980,330	503,540	441,643
Operating charges	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Direct transaction costs	0.33%	0.41%	0.40%
PRICES			
Highest share price	168.34	151.29	133.69
Lowest share price	96.97	85.15	115.32

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the open net asset value per share as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

# Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund

for the year ended 30th September 2021

## **Sub-Fund Description**

The Sub-fund aims to achieve capital growth and income from a portfolio of global company shares, over 5 years.

The Sub-fund seeks to achieve this by investing at least 90% of its assets in shares of companies incorporated, domiciled or having the predominant part of their business outside of the UK. The time horizon is not a recommendation to sell the investment at the end of that minimum period.

The Sub-fund may also invest in other transferable securities such as units/shares in investment funds, UK company shares, investments issued by banks or governments that are a short term loan to the issuer by the buyer, warrants, cash and near cash and deposits as detailed in Appendix 1 of this Prospectus.

The Sub-fund is expected to have typically between 30 and 40 individual company shares and will gain exposure to a broad range of sectors in different geographic areas. The ACD will use their expertise to assess each individual share and select good quality companies to achieve the Sub-fund's objectives.

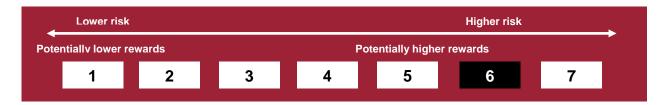
No more than 10% of the Scheme Property of the Sub-fund will be invested in other collective investment schemes.

Derivatives (investments whose value is linked to another underlying investment such as shares or performance of a stock exchange) may be used to reduce risk or cost and/or to generate extra income and growth. The use of derivatives will generally not increase the risk profile of the Sub-fund.

## **Risk and Reward Profile**

The Sub-fund currently has two types of share class in issue; "I" accumulation and "R" accumulation.

The risk and reward profile is the same for each type of share class and is as follows:



- This risk and reward indicator is based on a combination of the volatility of the share price of the Sub-fund, and the volatility of investments similar to those the Sub-fund is invested in. This may not be a reliable indication of the Sub-fund's risk and reward category in the future.
- The Sub-fund is in category 6 because it invests in company shares which generally provide higher rewards and higher risks than other investments such as money market instruments, cash, near cash and deposits.
- The Sub-fund's category is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. The Sub-Fund's category has not changed during this period.
- Even a Sub-fund in the lowest category is not a risk-free investment.
- The value of your investment and any income you take from it may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. You might get back less than you invest.

The indicator above does not fully take account of the following risks of investing in the Sub-fund:

- The Sub-fund may be concentrated both in number and in location of securities in which it is invested. This means that losses arising may cause a proportionately greater loss to the Company than if a larger number of investments were made.
- Investing in equities involves risks associated with the unpredictable drops in a stock's value or periods of below-average performance. The price of shares may also fluctuate. Such fluctuations, or volatility, have historically been much greater for equity markets than other markets, such as bond markets.
- The Sub-fund has exposure to a number of different currencies. Changes in exchange rates may adversely affect the price of shares you hold within the Sub-fund.
- As one of the objectives of the Sub-fund is to provide income the ongoing charge of the Sub-fund is charged against capital rather than income, this will enhance income returns but may erode capital and constrain future capital growth.
- The Sub-fund may use derivatives for EPM purposes. In adverse situations, the use of derivatives in this way may no longer be effective and the Sub-fund may suffer a loss.

For more details about the Sub-fund's risks, please see the Risk Factors section in the Sub-fund's Prospectus.

The latest risk and reward profile can be found on the Key Investor Information Document (KIID).

Both documents are available on our website at www.courtiers.co.uk.

## **Performance**

In the period ending 30th September 2021, the Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Accumulation I share class has returned 31.27% and the Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Accumulation R share class 30.26% compared to 22.40% from the Investment Association Global Equity Income Sector (the Sub-fund's peer group).

Since launch to 30th September 2021, the Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Accumulation I share class has returned 51.46% and the Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Accumulation R share class 45.40% compared to 52.39% from the Investment Association Global Equity Income Sector (the Sub-fund's peer group).

The price of stocks, shares and Sub-funds, and the income from them, may fall as well as rise. Investors may not get back the full amount invested. Past performance is not a guide to the future.

# Strategy Review

The Courtiers Global (ex UK) Equity Income Fund was launched in November 2015. The objective of the fund is to seek to achieve a combination of income and capital growth. The stocks held in the fund are selected using a quantitative model, focusing on value and quality. When a stock is selected by the model, it is subjected to an analyst review before being purchased for the fund. Each stock in the fund is reviewed by an analyst at least once every year.

As of 30th September 2021, the fund contains 29 stocks. The fund is overweight consumer staples and materials when compared to the MSCI World ex UK index. The fund is underweight consumer discretionary, energy, real estate and utilities.

Compared to its benchmark, the fund maintains a higher dividend yield, a lower price to earnings ratio, a lower price to cash flow ratio and a lower debt to equity ratio.

# **Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Portfolio Statement**

The Sub-fund's investments as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

Holding	Investment	Market Valuation	Value of Sub-fund 2021	Value of Sub-fund 2020
		£'000	%	%
Equities		30,500	94.43	94.83
Australia		973	3.01	3.46
18,150	Rio Tinto Limited	973	3.01	
Canada		2,026	6.27	6.12
71,640	CI Financial Corporation	1,076	3.33	
24,800	Linamar Corporation	950	2.94	
Denmark		971	3.01	-
66,100	Scandinavian Tobacco	971	3.01	
Europe		5,208	16.12	20.38
18,300	BASF SE	1,036	3.20	
49,380	Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize NV	1,219	3.77	
70,500	Prosiebensat 1 Media S.E.	965	2.99	
19,720	Randstad Holdings N.V.	984	3.05	
14,060	Sanofi-Aventis	1,004	3.11	
Hong Ko	ng	986	3.05	3.12
181,800	VTech Holdings Limited	986	3.05	

# **Portfolio Statement (continued)**

Japan		4,466	13.83	12.36
69,800	Arcs Company Limited	1,055	3.27	
93,152	Astellas Pharma Inc.	1,145	3.54	
66,400	Japan Airlines Company Limited	1,178	3.65	
44,200	KDDI Corporation	1,088	3.37	
Norway		-	-	3.29
Singapor	e	981	3.04	3.29
99,893	Venture Corporation Limited	981	3.04	
Sweden		995	3.08	3.27
203,200	Nobia AB	995	3.08	
Switzerla	nd	1,076	3.33	3.26
3,950	Roche Holding AG	1,076	3.33	
United St	ates of America	12,818	39.69	36.28
26,100	Cisco Systems Inc.	1,054	3.26	
19,900	Comerica Inc.	1,189	3.68	
37,000	Corning Inc.	1,002	3.10	
6,210	Cummins Inc.	1,035	3.21	
49,132	HP Incorporation	997	3.09	
26,500	Intel Corporation	1,048	3.24	
54,400	Ituran Location and Control Limited	1,014	3.14	
8,400	Johnson & Johnson	1,006	3.12	

# **Portfolio Statement (continued)**

## **United States of America (continued)**

33,200	Pacwest Bancorp	1,117	3.46	
10,300	Qualcomm Inc.	986	3.05	
73,500	Spartannash Company	1,195	3.70	
34,100	Wells Fargo & Company	1,175	3.64	
Portfolio ( liabilities)	of Investments (net of investment	30,500	94.43	94.83
Net Other	Assets	1,800	5.57	5.17
Total Net	Assets	32,300	100.00	100.00

Unless otherwise stated the above securities are admitted to official stock exchange listings or trade on a regulated market.

The average portfolio dealing spread for the year ended 30th September 2021 is 0.15% (2020: 0.21%). This spread is the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments.

There were no material changes in the composition of the investment portfolio.

# **Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund** Top ten purchases and sales

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

Purchases	Cost £'000
Spartannash Company	1,026
AGL Energy Limited	1,005
Qualcomm Inc.	975
Hugo Boss	861
Scandinavian Tabacco	776
Astellas Pharma Inc.	480
Arcs Company Limited	440
Koninklijke Ahold Delhaize NV	358
Venture Corporation Limited	336
Nobia AB	326
Subtotal	6,583
Other purchases	3,967
Total purchases for the year	10,550
Sales	Proceeds £'000
Sales Hugo Boss	
	£'000
Hugo Boss	<b>£'000</b> 1,536
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG	<b>£'000</b> 1,536 1,253
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA	<b>£'000</b> 1,536 1,253 971
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited.	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited. Pfizer Inc.	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750 691
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited. Pfizer Inc. Ituran Location and Control Limited	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750 691 531
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited. Pfizer Inc. Ituran Location and Control Limited Pacwest Bancorp	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750 691 531 454
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited. Pfizer Inc. Ituran Location and Control Limited Pacwest Bancorp Comerica Inc	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750 691 531 454 435
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited. Pfizer Inc. Ituran Location and Control Limited Pacwest Bancorp Comerica Inc CI Financial Corporation Company	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750 691 531 454 435 365
Hugo Boss Siltronic AG TGS Nopec Geophysical Co ASA AGL Energy Limited. Pfizer Inc. Ituran Location and Control Limited Pacwest Bancorp Comerica Inc CI Financial Corporation Company Linamar Corporation	£'000 1,536 1,253 971 750 691 531 454 435 365 304

# **Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Statement of Total Return**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

	Notes	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
Income					
Net capital gains/(losses)	1		6,638		(1,452)
Revenue	2	1,050		750	
Expenses	3	(222)		(173)	
Finance costs: interest		(1)		(2)	
Net revenue before taxation		827		575	
Taxation	4	(142)		(108)	
Net revenue after taxation			685		467
Total return before distributions			7,323		(985)
Distributions	5		(908)		(640)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment					
activities			6,415		(1,625)

# **Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders*		22,847		22,874
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	3,410		1,517	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(1,280)	2,130	(559)	958
Change in net assets/(liabilities) attributable to shareholders from investment activities		6,415		(1,625)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares		908		640
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders	- -	32,300	- -	22,847

# **Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Balance Sheet**

as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

	Notes	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
ASSETS Investment assets			30,500		21,666
Debtors	6	174		113	
Cash and cash equivalents	7 _	1,636	-	1,097	
Total other assets			1,810	-	1,210
Total assets			32,310	-	22,876
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Creditors	8 _	(10)		(29)	
Total other liabilities			(10)		(29)
Total liabilities			(10)		(29)
Net assets attributable to shareholders *			32,300	-	22,847
31141 311014C13			52,500	=	22,047

<sup>\*</sup>As at 30th September 2021 no shares of the Courtiers Global (EX- UK) Equity Income Fund were held by another Sub-fund of the Company.

# **Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 1 Net capital gains/(losses)

Net capital gains/(loss	ses) comprise:
-------------------------	----------------

	Net capital gains/(losses) comprise:		
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Non-derivative securities	6,694	(1,419)
	Derivative contracts	5	(2)
	Currency losses	(51)	(21)
	Transaction fees	(10)	(10)
	Net capital gains/(losses)	6,638	(1,452)
2	Revenue		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
		2 000	2 000
	Dividend income	1,050	750
	Total revenue	1,050	750
3	Expenses		
3	Lxpenses	2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and	2 000	2 000
	agents of either of them		
	ACD's Annual Management Charges	222	173
		222	173
			_
	Total expenses	222	173
	The audit fee for the year was £12,800 (2020: £12,585). The ACD.	his was paid by	
4	Taxation		
7	Taxation	2024	2020
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
a)	Analysis of charge in the year		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profits in the year	-	-
	Overseas withholding tax	142	109
	Current tax charge for the year (see note (4b))	142	109
	Total tax for the year	142	109

#### **Taxation (continued)** 4

### **b)** Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax for Open Ended Investment Companies "OEIC's" (20%) (2020: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	827	575
Corporation tax at 20%	165	115
Effects of:		
Income not subject to taxation	(210)	(150)
Overseas withholding tax	142	109
Movement in unrecognised excess management		
expenses	45	35_
Current tax charge for the year (see note (4a))	142	109

### Factors that may affect future tax charges

After claiming relief against accrued revenue taxable on receipt, the Sub-fund has surplus excess expenses of £906,778 (2020: £684,901). It is unlikely that the Sub-fund will generate sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise these expenses and therefore a deferred tax asset of £181,356 (2020: £ 136,980) has not been recognised.

#### **Distributions** 5

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interim dividend distribution	319	235
Final dividend distribution	589	405
Dividend distributions	908	640
Reconciliation of net revenue after taxation to distributions	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	2000	2000
Net revenue after taxation	685	467
Expenses taken to capital	223	173
Dividend distributions	908	640

Details of the distributions are set out in the tables on page 63 and 64.

### Debtors

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Accrued revenue  Amounts receivable from creations of shares	171 3 174	107 6 113
7	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Cash and bank balances Amounts held at futures clearing house and brokers	1,635 - 1,635	1,096 - 1,096
8	Creditors		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Amounts payable for cancellation of shares Accrued expenses*	10 10	22 7 29

<sup>\*</sup>accrued ACD's Annual Management Charges of £10,280 (2020: £7,244).

#### 9 **Related parties**

The Annual Management Charges paid to the ACD are shown in Note 3. Details of shares created and cancelled are shown in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders. The balance due from the ACD in respect of these transactions as at 30th September 2021 is £6,877 (2020: due to £23,032), a breakdown can be found in Notes 6 and 8.

As at 30th September 2021 66% of the I Class shares of the Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund were held by Courtiers Investment Funds ICVC. This is an arms length transaction.

### 10 Financial instrument risks

## Foreign currency risk

The revenue and capital value of the Sub-fund's assets and liabilities can be affected by foreign currency transaction movements as a proportion of the Sub-fund's assets and income are denominated in currencies other than Great British Pounds.

. .

An analysis of assets and liabilities is detailed below in the currency exposure table:

As at 30th September 2021

Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	Non- monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Australian Dollar	62	973	1,035
Canadian Dollar	43	2,032	2,075
Danish Krone	11	977	988
Euro	1,208	5,270	6,478
Great British Pounds	273	(7)	266
Hong Kong Dollar	-	985	985
Japanese Yen	-	4,506	4,506
Singapore Dollar	14	981	995
Swedish Krona	-	1,012	1,012
Swiss Franc	-	1,097	1,097
United States Dollar	25	12,838	12,863
	1,636	30,664	32,300

As at 30th September 2020

Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	Non- monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Australian Dollar	785	791	1,576
Canadian Dollar	14	1,404	1,418
Euro	13	4,687	4,700
Great British Pounds	35	(23)	12
Hong Kong Dollar	41	713	754
Japanese Yen	18	2,851	2,869
Norwegian Krone	-	751	751
Singapore Dollar	104	752	856
Swedish Krona	80	747	827
Swiss Franc	-	771	771
United States Dollar	6	8,307	8,313
	1,096	21,751	22,847

If the value of sterling were to increase by 1% the NAV would decrease by £320,345 (2020: £228,355). The same % decrease would have an equal but opposite effect.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty may be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-fund.

The Sub-fund's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, other receivables and investments as set out in the Balance Sheet which represents the Sub-fund's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the financial assets. The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings of A+ and above from Standard & Poor together with a short-term credit rating of A-1 from Standard & Poor.

All transactions in listed securities are settled upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

### Interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Sub-fund's interest bearing assets and liabilities at 30th September 2021 was:

	Floating rate financial assets 2021 £'000	Fixed rate financial assets 2021 £'000	Financial assets not carrying interest 2021 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Currency				
Australian Dollar	-	-	973	973
Canadian Dollar	-	-	2,032	2,032
Danish Krone	-	-	977	977
Euro	-	-	5,270	5,270
Great British Pounds	-	-	4	4
Hong Kong Dollar	-	-	986	986
Japanese Yen	-	-	4,506	4,506
Singapore Dollar	-	-	981	981
Swedish Krona	-	-	1,012	1,012
Swiss Franc	-	-	1,097	1,097
United States Dollar	<u> </u>		12,837	12,837
	<u> </u>		30,675	30,675

## Interest rate risk (continued)

Cash at bank				
Australian Dollar	62	-	-	62
Canadian Dollar	43	-	-	43
Danish Krone	11	-	-	11
Euro	1,208	-	-	1,208
Great British Pounds	273	-	-	273
Hong Kong Dollar	-	-	-	-
Japanese Yen	-	-	-	-
Singapore Dollar	14	-	-	14
Swedish Krona	-	-	-	-
United States Dollar	25			25
	1,636			1,636

Currency	Floating rate financial liabilities 2021 £'000	Fixed rate financial liabilities 2021 £'000	Financial liabilities not carrying interest 2021 £'000	Total 2021 £'000
Great British Pounds		<u>-</u>	(11)	(11)

The effect on the Net Asset Value ("NAV") of the interest rate increasing or decreasing by 1% has not been disclosed as it is insignificant for this Sub-fund.

# Interest rate risk (continued)

The interest rate profile of the Sub-fund's interest bearing assets and liabilities at 30th September 2020 was:

	Floating rate financial assets 2020 £'000	Fixed rate financial assets 2020 £'000	Financial assets not carrying interest 2020 £'000	Total 2020 £'000
Currency				
Australian Dollar	-	-	791	791
Canadian Dollar	-	-	1,404	1,404
Euro	-	-	4,687	4,687
Great British Pounds	-	-	6	6
Hong Kong Dollar	-	-	713	713
Japanese Yen	-	-	2,851	2,851
Norwegian Krone	-	-	751	751
Singapore Dollar	-	-	752	752
Swedish Krona	-	-	747	747
Swiss Franc	-	-	771	771
United States Dollar	-	-	8,307	8,307
			21,780	21,780
Cash at bank				
Australian Dollar	785	-	-	785
Canadian Dollar	14	-	_	14
Euro	13	-	-	13
Great British Pounds	35	-	-	35
Hong Kong Dollar	41	-	_	41
Japanese Yen	18	-	_	18
Singapore Dollar	104	-	-	104
Swedish Krona	80	-	_	80
United States Dollar	6	-	_	6
	1,096		_	1,096
Currency	Floating rate financial liabilities 2020 £'000	Fixed rate financial liabilities 2020 £'000	Financial liabilities not carrying interest 2020 £'000	Total 2020 £'000
Great British Pounds	-	-	(29)	(29)

## Market risk and price sensitivity

Market risk is the possibility that future changes in market prices may make a financial instrument less valuable or more onerous.

The Sub-fund's market risk is managed by the ACD through diversification of the investment portfolio in accordance with the Sub-fund's investment policy.

At 30th September 2021, if the market prices of the securities had been 10% higher with all other variables held constant, the increase in net assets attributable to holders of participating shares for the year would have been £3,050,000 (2020: £2,166,600) higher, arising due to the increase in the fair value of financial instruments. The decrease in market prices by 10% would have the equal but opposite effect.

## 11 Portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and taxes expressed as a % of Net Assets

30th September 2021

	2021
	£'000
Commissions	11
Taxes	-
	11

Purchases	Value £'000	Commissions £'000	%	Tax £'000	%
Derivative transactions	_	-	0.00	_	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	10,550	7	0.06	-	0.00
Total Purchases	10,550	7	0.06	-	0.00
Sales Derivative transactions Non-derivative transactions	- 8,440	- 4	0.00 0.04	- -	0.00 0.00
Total Sales	8,440	4	0.04	-	0.00

30th September 2020

	2020
	£'000
Commissions	10
Taxes	1
	11

### 11 Portfolio transaction costs (continued)

	Value £'000	Commissions £'000	%	Tax £'000	%
Purchases					
Derivative transactions	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	11,444	10	0.09	1	0.01
Total Purchases	11,444	10	0.09	1	0.01
Sales  Derivetive transactions					
Derivative transactions	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	10,824	=	0.00	-	0.00
Total Sales	10,824	-	0.00	-	0.00

### 12 Share classes

The Sub-fund currently has two Accumulation share classes. The ACD's Annual Management Charges on these share classes are as follows:

Accumulation R share class: 1.50%

0.75% Accumulation I share class:

The net asset value of the share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in the class are given in the comparative table on page 63 and 64. The distribution per share class is given in the distribution table on page 63 and 64.

#### 13 Fair value disclosure

In the opinion of the ACD there is no material difference between the book values and the fair values of the other financial assets and liabilities.

The Sub-fund has adopted "Amendments to FRS 102", Section 34 which establishes a hierarchy to be used to estimate the fair value of investments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can be reliably measured if they are not publicly traded. The levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

- (1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date:
- (2) Level 2 inputs other than guoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- (3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the ACD. The ACD considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

## 13 Fair value disclosure (continued)

The following table presents the Sub-fund's other financial assets by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September:

	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Level 1	30,500	21,666
Level 2	-	-
Level 3	<u> </u>	-
Total investments	30,500	21,666

#### 14 Reconciliation of movement in shares

	Class I	Class R
Opening number of shares	15,762,523	321,230
Shares created	935,000	1,050,905
Shares cancelled	(131,215)	(604,523)
Closing number of shares	16,566,308	767,612

Also, as per FRS 102 (22.4a) the shares in issue meet the definition of a puttable instrument as the shareholders have the right to sell the share back to the issuer. The shares in the Sub-fund may be issued and redeemed in any business day at the quoted price. The shares are not traded on an exchange, however, the price is observable and transactions within the Sub-fund take place regularly at that price. The shares in issue meet the definition of a level 2 financial instrument "Valuation techniques using observable market data".

The following table presents the Sub-fund's shares by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September 2021:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Accumulation I share class	-	16,566,308	-
Accumulation R share class		767,612	-
	-	17,333,920	-

The following table presents the Sub-fund's shares by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September 2020:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Accumulation I share class	-	15,762,523	-
Accumulation R share class		321,230	
	-	16,083,753	-

#### 15 Post balance sheet events

There were no events after the balance sheet date to disclose.

# **Courtiers Global (Ex-UK) Equity Income Fund Distribution Table**

NIA PARA LA CONTRA LA CONT		ОБР	ОБР
Net distribution accumulated 31 <sup>st</sup> Ma Interim distribution Net distribution accumulated 30 <sup>th</sup> Se		1.9197	1.4746
Final distribution		3.4460	2.5149
Comparative Table (Unau	dited)		
	2021 Accumulation I Class GBp	2020 Accumulation I Class GBp	2019 Accumulation I Class GBp
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHAI	•	•	•
Opening net asset value per share	142.16	148.39	152.94
Return before operating charges	45.86	(5.17)	(3.47)
Operating charges	(1.30)	(1.06)	(1.08)
Return after operating charges*	44.56	(6.23)	(4.55)
Distributions Retained distribution on accumulation	(5.37)	(3.99)	(5.97)

2021

GBp

3.99

142.16

(4.20%)

2020

**GBp** 

5.97

148.39

(2.97%)

*after direct transaction costs of:	0.06	0.07	0.06

5.37

186.72

31.35%

# Return after charges

**Distribution** 

Closing net asset value per shares

**Accumulation I class shares** 

OTHER INFORMATION			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	30,932	22,408	22,301
Closing number of share	16,566,308	15,762,523	15,028,263
Operating charges	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Direct transaction costs	0.04%	0.05%	0.04%

### **PRICES**

Highest share price	190.14	156.90	153.55
Lowest share price	136.31	112.46	131.15

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the open net asset value per share as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

# **Distribution Table (continued)**

Accumulation R class shares	2021 GBp	2020 GBp
Net distribution accumulated 31st March		
Interim distribution	0.9019	1.2780
Net distribution accumulated 30th September		
Final distribution	2.2597	2.6376

# **Comparative Table (Unaudited) (continued)**

	2021 Accumulation R Class GBp	2020 Accumulation R Class GBp	2019 Accumulation R Class GBp
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHAR	E	-	-
Opening net asset value per share	136.66	143.74	149.26
Return before operating charges	44.03	(5.03)	(3.42)
Operating charges	(2.52)	(2.05)	(2.10)
Return after operating charges*	41.51	(7.08)	(5.52)
Distributions	(3.16)	(3.92)	(5.83)
Retained distribution on accumulation			
shares	3.16	3.92	5.83
Closing net asset value per shares	178.17	136.66	143.74
*after direct transaction costs of:  Distribution	0.06	0.06	0.06
Return after charges	30.37%	(4.92%)	(3.70%)
OTHER INFORMATION Closing net asset value (£'000)	1,368	439	573
Closing number of share	767,612	321,230	398,825
Operating charges	1.50%	1.50%	1.50%
Direct transaction costs	0.04%	0.05%	0.04%
PRICES			
Highest share price	181.56	151.62	149.85
Lowest share price	130.98	108.53	127.71

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the open net asset value per share as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

## **Sub-Fund Description**

The Sub-fund seeks to achieve income and capital growth, through investment in a portfolio of investment grade securities, over 5 years.

The Sub-fund aims to achieve this by investing at least 90% of its assets in investment grade bonds worldwide. Investment grade is a rating which is BBB or higher from the rating agency Standard & Poor's or the equivalent rating of another internationally recognised rating agency such as Fitch or Moody's. The above time horizon is not a recommendation to sell the investment at the end of that minimum period.

The Sub-fund may also invest in other transferable securities such as units/shares in investment funds, warrants, investments issued by banks or governments that are a short term loan to the issuer by the buyer, and near cash and deposits and other permitted securities as set out in Appendix 1 of this Prospectus.

The Sub-fund is expected to have typically between 8 and 15 investment grade government and nongovernment fixed and variable interest rate securities globally.

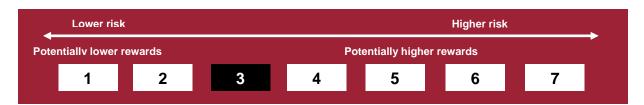
No more than 10% of the Scheme Property of the Sub-fund will be invested in other collective investment schemes.

Derivatives (investments whose value is linked to another underlying investment such as shares or performance of a stock exchange) may be used to reduce risk or cost and/or to generate extra income and growth. The use of derivatives will generally not increase the risk profile of the Sub-fund.

## **Risk and Reward Profile**

The Sub-fund currently has two types of share class in issue; "I" accumulation and "R" accumulation.

The risk and reward profile is the same for each type of share class and is as follows:



- This risk and reward indicator is based on a combination of the volatility of the share price of the Sub-fund, and the volatility of investments similar to those the Sub-fund is invested in. This may not be a reliable indication of the Sub-fund's risk and reward category in the future.
- The Sub-fund is in category 3 because Sub-funds of this type have experienced average rises and falls in value in the past.
- The Sub-fund's category is not guaranteed to remain the same and may change over time. However, there have been no changes to the Sub-fund's risk rating during the period.
- Even a Sub-fund in the lowest category is not a risk-free investment.

The value of your investment and any income you take from it may fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. You might get back less than you invest.

The indicator above does not fully take account of the following risks of investing in the Sub-fund:

- The Sub-fund may invest more than 35% of the value in Government and public securities of individual issuers detailed in the Prospectus.
- The Sub-fund may be invested in fixed interest securities in one or a few geographic locations and could therefore be more vulnerable to market sentiment in that specific location. The Sub-fund may also be concentrated in a number of securities which means that any losses may cause a proportionately greater loss to the Sub-fund than if a larger number of investments were made.
- The Sub-fund is subject to the risk that the bond issuer does not meet its payment obligations. A lowering of the bond or issuer's credit rating may cause volatility in the price or reduce its liquidity making it more difficult to sell.
- Investments in bonds are affected by interest rates and inflation trends which may affect the value of the Sub-fund.
- The Sub-fund is subject to liquidity risk, which means that it may be difficult to buy or sell the securities.
- As one of the objectives of the Sub-fund is to provide income the ongoing charge of the Sub-fund is charged against capital rather than income, this will enhance income returns but may erode capital and constrain future capital growth.
- The Sub-fund may use derivatives for EPM. In adverse situations, the use of derivatives in this way may no longer be effective and the Sub-fund may suffer a loss.

For more details about the Sub-fund's risks, please see the Risk Factors section in the Sub-fund's Prospectus.

The latest risk and reward profile can be found on the Key Investor Information Document (KIID).

Both documents are available on our website at www.courtiers.co.uk.

## **Performance**

In the period ending 30th September 2021, the Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund Accumulation I share class has returned -0.74% and the Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Accumulation R share class -1.02% compared to 1.72% from the Investment Association Global Bonds Sector (the Sub-fund's peer group).

Since launch to 30th September 2021, the Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund Accumulation I share class has returned -0.59% and the Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund Accumulation R share class -0.60% compared to 11.81% from the Investment Association Global Bonds Sector (the Sub-fund's peer group).

The price of stocks, shares and Sub-funds, and the income from them, may fall as well as rise. Investors may not get back the full amount invested. Past performance is not a guide to the future.

## **Strategy Review**

The Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund was launched in November 2015. The objective of the fund is to seek to achieve a combination of income and capital growth.

Since launch, the fund has been primarily invested in UK government bonds, US treasuries and investment grade corporate FRNs. Some of the treasuries are inflation-linked, as these securities minimize inflation risk as the US economy improves. The fund has maintained a low duration in order to minimise the risk associated with rising interest rates.

As of 30th September 2021, the fund's modified duration is 1.72 and the effective maturity is 2.01 years.

# **Portfolio Statement**

The Sub-fund's investments as at 30th September 2021

Holding	Investment	Market Valuation	Value of Sub-fund 2021	Value of Sub-fund 2020
		£'000	%	%
Debt Securities		13,531	97.57	97.35
United Kingdom		10,222	73.71	69.33
1,675,000	European Investment Bank 4.25% 07/12/2021	1,687	12.16	
1,200,000	Lloyds Bank Plc 0.42057% 03/02/2023	1,204	8.68	
1,100,000	United Kingdom Treasury 0% 07/03/2022	1,100	7.93	
454,000	United Kingdom Treasury 0% 21/03/2022	454	3.27	
1,000,000	United Kingdom Treasury 0.5% 22/07/2022	1,003	7.23	
1,400,000	United Kingdom Treasury 1.75% 07/09/2022	1,420	10.24	
300,000	United Kingdom Treasury 0.125% 31/01/2023	300	2.16	
1,097,000	United Kingdom Treasury 0.75% 22/07/2023	1,106	7.98	
1,420,000	United Kingdom Treasury 1% 22/04/2024	1,442	10.40	
500,000	Yorkshire Building Society 0.63% 21/11/2024	506	3.66	
United State	s of America	3,309	23.86	28.02
751,000	US Treasury 0.125% 15/01/2023*	681	4.91	
1,340,000	US Treasury 1.25% 15/07/2026*	1,236	8.91	
760,000	US Treasury 0.375% 15/01/2027	704	5.08	
591,000	US Treasury 1.75% 15/01/2028*	688	4.96	
Portfolio of investments (net of investment liabilities)		13,531	97.57	97.35
Net other assets		337	2.43	2.65
Total net ass	sets	13,868	100.00	100.00

# **Portfolio Statement (continued)**

The average portfolio dealing spread for the year ended 30th September 2021 is 0.05% (2020: 0.04%). This spread is the difference between the values determined respectively by reference to the bid and offer prices of investments.

\*Index linked bonds.

There were no material changes in the composition of the investment portfolio.

# **Top Ten Purchases and Sales**

for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

Purchases	Cost £'000
European Investment Bank 4.25% 07/12/2021	2,278
United Kingdom Treasury 1.75% 07/09/2022	1,429
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021	1,350
Lloyds Bank Plc 0.42057% 03/03/2023	1,206
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 07/03/2022	1,100
United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021	1,034
United Kingdom Treasury 0.5% 22/07/2022	1,004
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021	1,000
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/07/2021	1,000
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 21/06/2021	700
Subtotal	12,101
Other purchases	3,414
Total purchases for the year	15,515
Sales	Proceeds £'000
Sales United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021	
	£'000
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021	<b>£'000</b> 1,400
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021	<b>£'000</b> 1,400 1,350
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021	£'000 1,400 1,350 1,250
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021	£'000 1,400 1,350 1,250 1,033
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021	£'000 1,400 1,350 1,250 1,033 1,000
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/07/2021	£'000  1,400 1,350 1,250 1,033 1,000 1,000
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/07/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 11/01/2021	£'000  1,400 1,350 1,250 1,033 1,000 1,000 1,000
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/07/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 11/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/10/2020	£'000  1,400  1,350  1,250  1,033  1,000  1,000  1,000  840
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/07/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 11/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/10/2020 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 21/06/2021	£'000  1,400 1,350 1,250 1,033 1,000 1,000 1,000 840 700
United Kingdom Treasury 0% 25/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 06/04/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 3.75% 07/09/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 23/08/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/07/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 11/01/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 26/10/2020 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 21/06/2021 United Kingdom Treasury 0% 04/10/2021	£'000  1,400  1,350  1,250  1,033  1,000  1,000  1,000  840  700  700

# **Statement of Total Return**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

	Notes	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
Income					
Net capital (losses)/gains	1		(141)		(19)
Revenue	2	170		88	
Expenses	3	(99)		(84)	
Net revenue before taxation	_	71	_	4	
Taxation	4 _		<del>-</del>		
Net revenue after taxation		_	71	_	4_
Total return before distributions			(70)		(15)
Distributions	5		(170)		(88)
Change in net assets attributable to shareholders from investment		_		_	
activities		_	(240)	_	(103)

# **Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Shareholders**

for the year ended 30th September 2021

	2021			2020
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to shareholders*		11,663		9,795
Amounts receivable on creation of shares	4,971		3,612	
Amounts payable on cancellation of shares	(2,696)	2,275	(1,729)	1,883
Change in net (liabilities) /assets attributable to shareholders from investment activities		(240)		(103)
Retained distributions on accumulation shares		170		88
Closing net assets attributable to shareholders		13,868	- -	11,663

# **Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund Balance Sheet**

as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021

	Notes	£'000	2021 £'000	£'000	2020 £'000
ASSETS Investment assets			13,531		11,354
Debtors	6	86		44	
Cash and cash equivalents	7 _	256	<del>-</del>	269	
Total other assets		-	342	-	313
Total assets		-	13,873	-	11,667
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Creditors	8 _	(5)	-	(4)	
Total other liabilities		-	(5)	-	(4)
Total liabilities			(5)		(4)
		-		-	
Net assets attributable to shareholders *		-	13,868	=	11,663

<sup>\*</sup>As at 30th September 2021 no shares of the Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund were held by another Sub-fund of the Company.

# **Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund Notes to the Financial Statements**

# 1 Net capital gains/(losses)

	Net capital gains/(losses) comprise:		
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Non-derivative securities	(160)	(3)
	Derivative contracts	-	(2)
	Currency gains/(losses)	19	(14)
	Net capital losses	(141)	(19)
2	Revenue		
		2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Bond interest	170	88
		170	88
	Total revenue	170	88
3	Expenses		
3	LAPENSES	2021	2020
		£'000	£'000
	Payable to the ACD, associates of the ACD and agents of either of them	2000	2000
	ACD's Annual Management Charges	99	85
	o	99	85
	Total expenses	99	85
	ι σται συροποσο		

The audit fee for the year was £12,800 (2020: £12,580). This was paid by the ACD.

# 4 Taxation

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
a)	Analysis of charge in the year		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profits in the year	<u> </u>	
	Current tax charge for the year (see note (4b))	-	-
	Total tax for the year		

# 4 Taxation (continued)

## **b)** Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower (2020: lower) than the standard rate of corporation tax for Open Ended Investment Companies "OEIC's" (20%) (2020: 20%). The differences are explained below:

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Net revenue before taxation	71	4
Corporation tax at 20%	14	1
Effects of: Tax deductible interest distributions Current tax charge for the year (see note (4a))	(14)	(1)

### c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

After claiming relief against accrued revenue taxable on receipt, the Sub-fund has surplus excess expenses of £nil (2020: £nil).

#### 5 **Distributions**

	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
Interim interest distribution	30	52
Final interest distribution	140	36
Interest distributions	170	88
Reconciliation of net revenue after taxation to distributions		
	2021	2020
	£'000	£'000
Net revenue after taxation	71	4
Expenses taken to capital	99	84
Interest distributions	170	88

Details of the distributions are set out in the tables on page 82 and 83.

#### 6 Debtors

		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Accrued revenue Amounts receivable from creations of shares	73 13 86	11 33 44
7	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Cash and bank balances	256 256	269 269
8	Creditors		
		2021 £'000	2020 £'000
	Accrued expenses*	5	4
		5	4

<sup>\*</sup>Includes accrued ACD's Annual Management Charges of £4,332 (2020: £3,675).

#### 9 **Related parties**

The Annual Management Charges paid to the ACD are shown in Note 3. Details of shares created and cancelled are shown in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to shareholders. The balance due from the ACD in respect of these transactions as at 30th September 2021 is £8,852 (2020: £28,902), a breakdown can be found in Notes 6 and 8.

As at 30th September 2021 41% of the I Class shares of the Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund were held by Courtiers Investment Funds ICVC. This is an arms length transaction.

#### Financial instrument risks

#### Foreign currency risk

The revenue and capital value of the Sub-fund's assets and liabilities can be affected by foreign currency transaction movements as a proportion of the Sub-fund's assets and income are denominated in currencies other than Great British Pounds.

An analysis of assets and liabilities is detailed below in the currency exposure table:

As at 30th September 2021

Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	Non-monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Great British Pounds	239	10,300	10,539
United States Dollars	17	3,312	3,329
	256	13,612	13,868

As at 30th September 2020

Currency	Monetary exposures £'000	Non-monetary exposures £'000	Total £'000
Great British Pounds	267	8,123	8,390
United States Dollars	3	3,270	3,273
	270	11,393	11,663

If the value of sterling were to increase by 1% the NAV would decrease by £33,294 (2020: £32,732). The same % decrease would have an equal but opposite effect.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty may be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-fund.

The Sub-fund's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, other receivables and investments as set out in the Balance Sheet which represents the Sub-fund's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the financial assets. The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings of A+ and above from Standard & Poor together with a short-term credit rating of A-1 from Standard & Poor.

The following table details the cash and investments of the Sub-fund by credit rating. The credit ratings disclosed are those assigned by Standard's & Poor's.

Rating	2021 £'000	2020 £'000
AAA	3,309	3,267
AA	10,222	8,087
	13,531	11,354

#### 10 Financial instrument risks

### **Credit risk (continued)**

All transactions in listed securities are settled upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

#### Interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Sub-fund's interest bearing assets and liabilities at 30th September 2021 was:

30th September 2021

	Floating rate financial	Fixed rate financial	Financial assets not carrying	
	assets	assets	interest	Total
	2021	2021	2021	2021
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Great British Pounds	-	10,222	83	10,305
United States Dollars	-	3,309	3	3,312
- -	_	13,531	86	13,617
Cash at bank				
Great British Pounds	239	-	-	239
United States Dollars	17	-	-	17
	256	-	_	256
	Floating rate financial	Fixed rate financial	Financial assets not carrying	
	liabilities	liabilities	liabilities	Total
	2021	2021	2021	2021
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Great British Pounds			(5)	(5)

Changes in interest rate or changes in expectation of future interest rates may result in an increase or decrease in the market value of the investment held. A one percent increase in interest rates (based on current parameters used by the Manager's Investment Risk department) would have the effect of decreasing the return and net assets by £275,350 (2020: £277,974). A one percent decrease would have an equal and opposite effect.

#### 10 Financial instrument risks

### Interest rate risk (continued)

The interest rate profile of the Sub-fund's interest bearing assets and liabilities at 30th September 2020 was:

30th September 2020

	Floating rate financial	Fixed rate financial	Financial assets not carrying	Total
	assets	assets	interest	Total
_	2020	2020	2020	2020
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Great British Pounds	-	8,087	40	8,127
United States Dollars	-	3,267	3	3,270
<del>-</del>		11,354	43	11,397
Cash at bank				
Great British Pounds	266	-	-	266
United States Dollars	3	-	-	3
<del>-</del>	269			269
	Floating rate financial liabilities	Fixed rate financial liabilities	Financial assets not carrying liabilities	Total
	2020	2020	2020	2020
Currency	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Great British Pounds	<u> </u>		(4)	(4)

## Market risk and price sensitivity

Market risk is the possibility that future changes in market prices may make a financial instrument less valuable or more onerous.

The Sub-fund's market risk is managed by the ACD through diversification of the investment portfolio in accordance with the Sub-fund's investment policy.

At 30th September 2021, if the market prices of the securities had been 10% higher with all other variables held constant, the increase in net assets attributable to holders of participating shares for the year would have been £1,353,100 (2020: £1,135,400) higher, arising due to the increase in the fair value of financial instruments. The decrease in market prices by 10% would have the equal but opposite effect.

## 11 Portfolio transaction costs

Commissions and taxes expressed as a % of Net Assets

30th September 2021

	2021
	£'000
Commissions	_*
Taxes	-
	-

<sup>\*</sup>Commissions for the year amounted to £61.

	Value	Commissions	0/	Tax	0/
Purchases	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%
Derivative transactions	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	15,515	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total Purchases	15,515	-	0.00	-	0.00
Sales					
Derivative transactions	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	13,228	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total Sales	13,228	-	0.00	-	0.00

30th September 2020

	2020
	£'000
Commissions	_*
Taxes	-
	-

<sup>\*</sup>Commissions for the year amounted to £236.

	Value £'000	Commissions £'000	%	Tax £'000	%
Purchases					
Derivative transactions	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	16,735	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total Purchases	16,735	-	0.00	-	0.00
Sales					
Derivative transactions	-	-	0.00	-	0.00
Non-derivative transactions	14,826	-	0.00	-	0.00
Total Sales	14,826	-	0.00	-	0.00

#### 12 Share classes

The Sub-fund currently has two Accumulation share classes. The ACD's Annual Management Charge on these share classes are as follows:

1.00% Accumulation R share class: Accumulation I share class: 0.75%

The net asset value of the share class, the net asset value per share, and the number of shares in the class are given in the comparative table on page 82 and 83. The distribution per share class is given in the distribution table on page 82 and 83.

#### 13 Fair value disclosure

In the opinion of the ACD there is no material difference between the book values and the fair values of the other financial assets and liabilities.

The Sub-fund has adopted "Amendments to FRS 102", Section 34 which establishes a hierarchy to be used to estimate the fair value of investments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can be reliably measured if they are not publicly traded. The levels of the hierarchy are as follows:

- (1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- (2) Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- (3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the ACD. The ACD considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table presents the Sub-fund's other financial assets by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September:

2021	2020
£'000	£'000
10,134	11,354
3,397	-
<u> </u>	-
13,531	11,354
	<b>£'000</b> 10,134 3,397

#### 14 Reconciliation of movement in shares

	Class I	Class R
Opening number of shares	9,876,897	902,799
Shares created	2,583,427	2,084,830
Shares cancelled	(309,035)	(2,225,052)
Closing number of shares	12,151,289	762,577

Also, as per FRS 102 (22.4a) the shares in issue meet the definition of a puttable instrument as the shareholders have the right to sell the share back to the issuer. The shares in the Sub-fund may be issued and redeemed in any business day at the quoted price. The shares are not traded on an exchange, however, the price is observable and transactions within the Sub-fund take place regularly at that price. The shares in issue meet the definition of a level 2 financial instrument "Valuation techniques using observable market data".

The following table presents the Sub-fund's shares by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September 2021:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Accumulation I share class	-	12,151,289	-
Accumulation R share class		762,577	
	_	12,913,866	-

The following table presents the Sub-fund's shares by level within the valuation hierarchy as of 30th September 2020:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Accumulation I share class	-	9,876,897	-
Accumulation R share class		902,799	
	_	10,779,696	-

#### 15 Post balance sheet events

There were no events after the balance sheet date to disclose.

# **Courtiers Investment Grade Bond Fund Distribution Table**

Accumulation I class shares	2021 GBp	2020 GBp
Net distribution accumulated 31st March		
Interim distribution	0.2396	0.5388
Net distribution accumulated 30th September		
Final distribution	1.0860	0.3371

# **Comparative Table (Unaudited)**

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHAR	2021 Accumulation I Class GBp E	2020 Accumulation I Class GBp	2019 Accumulation I Class GBp
Opening net asset value per share	108.19	108.63	104.88
Return before operating charges	0.01	0.37	4.55
Operating charges	(0.80)	(0.81)	(0.80)
Return after operating charges*	(0.79)	(0.44)	3.75
Distributions	(1.33)	(0.88)	(1.35)
Retained distribution on accumulation	4.00	0.00	4.05
shares	1.33	0.88	1.35
Closing net asset value per shares	107.40	108.19	108.63
*after direct transaction costs of:	-	-	-
Distribution			
Return after charges	(0.73%)	(0.41%)	3.58%
OTHER INFORMATION			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	13,051	10,686	9,713
Closing number of share	12,151,289	9,876,897	8,945,128
Operating charges	0.75%	0.75%	0.75%
Direct transaction costs	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
PRICES			
Highest share price	108,.33	110.14	109.35
Lowest share price	105.70	106.14	104.18

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the open net asset value per share as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

# **Distribution Table (continued)**

Accumulation R class shares	2021 GBp	2020 GBp
Net distribution accumulated 31st March		
Interim distribution	0.1074	0.5161
Net distribution accumulated 30 <sup>th</sup> September		
Final distribution	1.0212	0.3407

# **Comparative Table (Unaudited) (continued)**

	2021 Accumulation R Class GBp	2020 Accumulation R Class GBp	2019 Accumulation R Class GBp
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS PER SHAR	-		- P
Opening net asset value per share	108.17	108.85	104.14
Return before operating charges	(0.02)	0.40	5.76
Operating charges	(1.07)	(1.08)	(1.05)
Return after operating charges*	(1.09)	(0.68)	4.71
Distributions	(1.13)	(0.86)	(5.81)
Retained distribution on accumulation			
shares	1.13	0.86	5.81
Closing net asset value per shares	107.08	108.17	108.85
*after direct transaction costs of:  Distribution Return after charges	(1.01%)	(0.62%)	- 4.53%
OTHER INFORMATION			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	817	977	82
Closing number of share	762,577	902,799	75,653
Operating charges	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
Direct transaction costs	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
PRICES			
Highest share price	108.31	110.27	109.60
Lowest share price	105.58	106.34	103.44

Operating charges include indirect costs incurred in the maintenance and running of the Sub-fund, including but not limited to the detailed expenses as disclosed in note 3. The figures used within this table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

The return after charges is calculated as the closing net asset value per share minus the open net asset value per share as a % of the opening net asset value per share.

Direct transaction costs include fees, commissions, transfer taxes and duties in the purchasing and selling of investments, which are offset (where applicable) against any dilution levy charged within the accounting period. The figures used within the table have been calculated against the average Net Asset Value for the accounting period.

# **Further Information**

The Courtiers UCITS Investment Funds ICVC is an open-ended investment company with variable capital, incorporated in England and Wales under number IC000515 and authorised by the Financial Conduct Authority on 7th October 2015.

#### **Base Currency**

The Company's base currency is Great British Pounds.

#### **Shares**

Each Sub-fund has an I Accumulation Share Class and an R Accumulation Share Class. The UK Equity Income Fund also has an income share class.

Holders of Accumulation Shares are not entitled to be paid the income attributed to such Share Class in relation to the relevant interim and/or annual distribution periods, but that income is automatically transferred to (and retained as part of) the capital assets of a Fund on the last day of the relevant interim and/or annual distribution period. This is reflected in the price of an Accumulation Share.

Holders of Income Shares are entitled to be paid the distributable income attributed to such Shares in respect of the relevant interim and/or annual distribution period for that Share Class.

#### **Valuation Point**

The valuation point for each Sub-fund is 10:00pm on each dealing day. The Sub-funds deal on a forward pricing basis.

### **Buying and Selling Shares**

Shares in each Fund may be bought, sold, switched and converted on any Dealing Day between 9.30 and 15.00. The ACD may vary these times at its discretion. Shares may be bought, sold, switched or converted by writing to the ACD or by such other means as the ACD may make available from time to time. A purchase or sale of Shares is a legally binding contract.

#### Liability

Each of the Sub-funds has a segregated portfolio to which its assets and liabilities are attributable and accordingly, the assets of a Sub-fund belong exclusively to that Sub-fund and shall not be used to discharge directly or indirectly the liabilities of or claims against any other person or body including the Company and any other Sub-fund and shall not be available for any such purpose.

Whilst the provisions of the OEIC Regulations provide for segregated liability between Sub-funds, these provisions are subject to the scrutiny of the courts and it is not free from doubt, in the context of claims brought by local creditors in foreign courts or under foreign law contracts, that the assets of a Sub-fund will always be 'ring fenced' from the liabilities of other Sub-funds of the Company.

Each Sub-fund will be charged with the liabilities, expenses, costs and charges of the Company attributable to that Sub-fund and within the Funds charges will be allocated between share classes in accordance with the terms of issue of shares of those classes. Any assets, liabilities, expenses, costs or charges not attributable to a particular Sub-fund may be allocated by Courtiers Asset Management Limited in a manner which it believes is fair to the shareholders generally. This will normally be pro rata to the Net Asset Value of the relevant Sub-funds.

#### **Stamp Duty Reserve Tax**

Investors will be subject to a principal SDRT charge on non-pro rata in specie redemptions, namely a situation where an investor receives selected assets and cash rather than receiving their portion of all the assets and cash within that Sub-fund. The current rate of SDRT is 0.5% on chargeable assets. No SDRT charge will arise on pro rata in specie redemptions.

### **Types of Funds**

All of the Sub-funds are Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (UCITS).

# **Further Information (continued)**

# **Performance Data**

Sourced from Morningstar.

